Cambria Freeman.

A. WPSHE, Editor and Publisher. HE IS A FREEMAN WHOM THE TRUTH MAKES FREE, AND ALL ARE SLAVES BESIDE. Terms, $2 per year in advance.

VOLUME 3. EBENSBURG, PA., THURSDAY, JANUARY 20, 1870. NUMBER 50.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE!—By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Cambria county, to me directed, I will expose to Public Sale, at the times and places hereinafter stated, the following Real Estate, of which Dr. D. T. Storm, late of Washington township, died seized, to wit:

1. Being a HOUSE and LOT situate in the West Ward of Ebensburg Borough, bounded on the north by Horner street, on the east by an alley, on the south by Crawford street, and on the west by a lot owned in separate parts by Thos. Rodgers and others—said Lot being known on plan of said Borough as Lot No. 19.

be sold at the Court House in Ebensburg, SATURDAY, THE 5TH DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1870, at 2 o'clock, P. M.

2. Being the undivided half of a TRACT OF WOODLAND situate in Richland township, in said county, adjoining lands of Miss Resm, Daniel Murphy, Martin Custer, and others, containing 84 ACRES and 57 PERCHES, more or less, and being part of a survey in the name of Thomas Smith.

3. Being the undivided half of a TRACT OF WOODLAND situate in Richland township, in said county, adjoining lands of Jacob Reighart, Wm Jennings, and others, containing 64 Acres and 110 Perches, more or less, and being part of the survey in the name of Thomas Smith.

Nos. 2 and 3 will be sold at the Foster House in Johnstown, on SATURDAY, THE 12TH day of FEBRUARY, 1870, at 2 o'clock, P. M.

TERMS:—One third of the purchase money to be paid on the confirmation of the sale or deed, and the residue in two equal annual payments, with interest, to be secured by the judgment bonds and mortgages of the purchasers.

FRANCIS D. STORM,
Adm'r of D. T. Storm, dec'd.

T the same time and place, will be offered at Public Sale, the other one undivided half of the properties described above as Lots Nos 2 and 3, so that purchasers can own the entire titles to the lands sold. Terms same as the Administrator's sale. For further information call upon or address J. H SECHLER, Attorney at Law, Ebensburg, Pa. [Jan 6, 1870. 5t.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE!—By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Cambria county, to me directed, there will be exposed to Public Sale, at the Hotel of Lawrence Schroth, in the Borough of Carrolltown, on SATURDAY, JANUARY 29TH, 1870, o'clock, P. M., the following Real Estate, which Jerome A. Buck died seized, (now owned by his minor children, viz: Clara Buck, Ellis Buck, and Regina Buck,) to wit:—Undivided one half of a certain piece or parcel of land situate in the township of Cambria, county of Cambria, state of Pennsylvania, bounded by lands of Christian Buck, Emanuel Buck, Wm Cole, James Byrne, and others, containing 13 ACRES, more or less, about 25 perches of which are cleared, having thereon erected one Grist Mill, one Saw Mill, two Dwelling Houses and two Stables.

TERMS OF SALE:—One-third of the purchase money to be paid on confirmation of the sale, and the residue in two equal annual payments, with interest, to be secured by the judgment bonds and mortgage of the purchaser.

FRANCIS A. BUCK,
Guardian of said minors

ORPHANS' COURT SALE!—By virtue of an alias order of sale issued out of the Orphans' Court of Cambria county, and to me directed, there will be exposed to public sale at the hotel of Lawrence Schroth, in the borough of Carrolltown, on TUESDAY, 1st day of FEBRUARY next, at 1 o'clock, p. m., the following described real estate, of which Mary Ann Seyberger, late of Carroll township, in said county, died seized, to wit: All that piece or parcel of land situate in Carroll township, bounded and described as follows: Adjoining lands of A. Leibold on the north, Simon Eirsch on the south and Leonard Munger on the east, containing about ONE HUNDRED ACRES, more or less, allowance.

TERMS OF SALE:—One-half of the purchase money on confirmation of sale and the balance in one year thereafter, with interest, to be secured by the bond and mortgage of the purchaser.

PAUL YAHNER, Adm'r.
Carroll Twp., Dec. 23, 1869.-4t.

SHERIFF'S SALE!—By virtue of a writ of Vend. Expon., issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Cambria county, and to me directed, there will be exposed to public Sale, at the Foster House, in Johnstown, on SATURDAY, THE 22D DAY OF JANUARY next, at 2 o'clock, P. M., the following Real Estate, to wit:

All the right, title and interest of Thos. Gray, of, in and to a lot of ground situate in said borough, Cambria county, fronting on Centre Avenue 100 feet, running back 218 feet to lands of the Cambria Iron Company, adjoining lot of Bernard Keelan on the north and lot of —— Green on the west, having thereon erected a one story Plank House, with stable, now in the occupancy of Joseph Gray. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of Milligan & Harshberger.

JOHN A. BLAIR, Sheriff.
Sheriff's Office, Ebensburg, Jan 6, 1870.3t.

REAL ESTATE AND SAW MILL FOR SALE!—We have for sale a tract of land situate in Susquehanna township, Cambria county, containing about THREE ACRES, more or less, thereon a Steam Saw Mill, a Shingle Machine, a Blacksmith Shop, (with necessary tools,) and two Dwelling Houses.

Also, FIFTY ACRES OF GOOD OAK TIMBER LAND in the same township. Pine timber adjoining can be bought at low rates. Terms moderate and accommodating.—Apply to SHOEMAKER & OATMAN.
Ebensburg, Nov. 11, 1869. tf.

VALUABLE TAVERN PROPERTY FOR SALE!—That valuable and commodious Tavern Stand at Gallitzin, Cambria county, known as the Michael J. Smith property, is offered for sale on reasonable terms. It is one of the most desirable stands in the county, is in an excellent state of repair and doing a thriving business. Possession will be given as soon as the sale is consummated. Persons desiring to purchase will call upon or address R. L. JOHNSTON,
Dec 6, 1870.-tf. Ebensburg, Pa.

ESTATE OF MICHAEL MURRAY, Dec'd.—Letters Testamentary to the estate of Michael Murray, late of Carroll township, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned by the Register of Cambria county, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate that payment must be made without delay, and those having claims against the same will present them in proper shape for adjustment.

MARY MURRAY, Executrix.
Dec. 16, JAS. C. MURRAY, Executor.

LIST OF JURORS.

Following are the names of the Grand and Traverse Jurors drawn to serve at the special session of Court in February and at the regular term in March next:

TRAVERSE JURORS—SPECIAL SESSION.

Carroll Township.—Peter Earhart, Joseph Davis, Peter Kaue, Joseph Snyder. Conemaugh Township—Christopher Gossard, Jacob Singer. Clearfield Township—John J. Burns, John Durbin, John H. Douglass.—Cambria Bor.—John Code, Robert Bridges, Simon Fagan. Conemaugh Bor.—George Kurtz, Henry B. Freidhoof, John Campbell.—Chest Springs.—John Connery. Chest Twp.—Daniel Eckenrode, Charles Gill, Jacob Kibler. Ebensburg Bor.—Lewis Rodgers.—Franklin Bor.—And. Geoghenour, John Roberts. Gallitzin Twp.—Samuel Sanker.—Johnstown.—John Arthurs, Jr., John T. Llewelyn, Isaac Jones, Albert Heslop, Sam. Dixon, Joseph Strayer, A. R. Davis, Joseph Crouse, Wm. Dysart, Wm. McKee. Loretto Bor.—John Bradley, Felix Beck, Wm. Litzinger. Hillsville Bor.—Henry Plunkard, John Hardman. Munster Twp.—James Luckett, Augustin Barbin. Susquehanna Twp.—Jos. Glass, Wm. Carnan, Peter Garman. Summerhill—John Farren, Jr., Benjamin Noon. Washington Twp.—Charles Noon. Yoder—Abraham Calan, Jas. Burns.

GRAND JURORS—MARCH TERM.

Carroll Twp.—John Bender, Andrew Strittmatter. Cambria Bor.—Thomas Benson, Henry Gore, Michael Friedhoof. Conemaugh Bor.—Wm. M. Cahan, David Kapelin. Croyle Twp.—James Burk, of John, S. S. George, George Wike, Joseph Lackey. Johnstown Bor.—Samuel Daubt, Wm. P. Patton, Elijah Butler, Benjamin Marsh, James Boyd, Robt. Morris. Millville Bor.—James Roler. Richland Twp.—Fred. Custer, Samuel Harshberger, Joseph F. Stull, George S. Sineman.—Summerhill Twp.—Isaac Ream. Taylor Twp.—J. S. Bowser.

TRAVERSE JURORS—FIRST WEEK.

Allegheny Twp.—Joseph Cramer, Charles McMannemy, J. J. Glass, Patrick Donahoe.—Blacklick Twp.—Geo. W. Empfield. Carroll Twp.—Thomas Eager, Henry Krumenacher, Michael Noon. Carrolltown—E. L. Binder. Cambria Twp.—Theodore Shoemaker, Peter H. Berg. Cambria Bor.—Charles Gabalt. East Conemaugh Bor.—Wm. Strong. Conemaugh Bor.—E. Brady. Conemaugh Twp—Joseph Hoffman. Clearfield Twp.—A. G. Hoover, James E. McGough, John Shorten. Cooperdale.—M. A. Brown. Croyle.—Josiah Custer. Ebensburg Bor.—James Myers, James Convery, John Howell, Morgan Hughes. Johnstown Bor.—N. B. Haynes, John Flanagan, Alex. Kennedy, John M. Bowman, Wm. Houston, John Parke. Jackson—Chas. Snyder. Jackson Twp.—Roger, Jacob Klinefelter, Wm. Gillan. Millville Bor.—Jno. Hornberger. Munster Twp.—Jas. A. Brown, Daniel Bradley. Prospect Bor.—Denis Buckley. Susquehanna Twp.—John C. Platt. Summerhill Twp.—James McDunn. Taylor Twp.—Robert Colbert. Washington Twp.—Chas. Johnston, Lazarus Leigle. White Twp.—George Walters, John Van Scyoc, Jos. L. Miller, John Glasgow. Yoder Twp.—David Hamilton.

TRAVERSE JURORS—SECOND WEEK.

Allegheny Twp.—Patrick Mullen, George Flick, Charles Flick. Carroll Twp.—Augustin Holt, Peter Hoover, Joseph A. Dumm. Chest Twp.—Martin Deitrich, Michael Thomas. Chest Springs—David Little. Clearfield Twp.—Martin L. Carle, James Adams, John Kreiner, M. McMullen. Conemaugh Twp.—John Noon. Conemaugh Bor.—Emery West, Samuel Rhoden, Jr. East Conemaugh—Leonard Kost. Cambria Bor.—T. Sojohn. Cambria Twp.—Richard Gittings, David R. Edwards. Franklin Bor.—Samuel Dunmire. Gallitzin Twp.—George Myers, Richard Kaze. Jackson Twp.—Samuel Clerk. Johnstown Bor.—J. A. Harrold, Morgan Gowdy, Thomas Lapsley, J. B. McCreight. Loretto Bor.—John E. Shields. Millville Bor.—Benjamin Jose, Jr., John H. Bryan, Samuel Yocum, Evan J. Lewis. Summerhill Twp.—Christ Shaffer, George G. Rorebaugh, Summit Bor.—John Eharbaugh. Susquehanna—Jos. Bearer. Joseph Lutz. Taylor Twp.—Jesse Berkeypile. Samuel Naylor, Jr. Washington Twp.—John H. Kennedy, James Boland, John Itel. White Twp.—Wm. Wilson, Adam Nash. Wilmore—John McColgan. Youer Twp.—Timothy Hunt, Henry Howard.

THE MOOTED QUESTION.—At a meeting of the Democratic County Committee, held at the office of F. A. Shoemaker, Esq., Chairman, on Monday evening, Dec. 6th, the following resolutions were adopted:

Resolved, That the Democratic voters of the county meet at the respective places of holding the general election in the several election districts, at 2 o'clock, p. m., on SATURDAY, the 4th day of JUNE 1870, for the purpose of deciding by ballot their preference for one of the three following propositions, viz: For the Crawford County System; for the Increased Delegate System; for the present Delegate System.

Resolved, That the voters present at the hour named shall elect one person to act as judge of said election and two persons as clerks of the same; that the clerks shall write down the name of every elector who shall vote at said election, and immediately after the close of the election, which shall be at 6 o'clock, p. m., the said clerks shall make out a full and correct return thereof, attested by them and signed by the judge of said election.

Resolved, That said return shall be taken charge of by the judge of the election and by him brought to the Court House in Ebensburg, on the TUESDAY following said election, at one o'clock, p. m., at which time and place the several return judges of the county shall organize by electing one of their number as President and two persons as Secretaries.

Resolved, That the President shall call the several election districts in alphabetical order and read the returns thereof, and after the Secretaries shall have ascertained the result, it shall be signed by the President and attested by the Secretaries, and be published in the Ebensburg Freeman and Johnstown Democrat.

Resolved, That the Chairman of the Democratic County Committee shall procure the printing of 3000 tickets for each proposed system, and have them judiciously distributed throughout the county.

Resolved, That should the increased delegate system be adopted, each district shall be entitled to its present representation, and for each 50 votes over 100 shall be entitled to an additional delegate; and that the Chairman of the County Committee shall determine from the vote for the Democratic State ticket at the preceding election the number of delegates to which each district is entitled.

Resolved, That the foregoing proceedings of this Committee be published THREE TIMES in the Cambria Freeman and Johnstown Democrat. F. A. SHOEMAKER, Chairman.
WM H. SECHLER, Secretary.

The Poet's Department.

THE OLD YEAR AND THE NEW.

BY REV. A. J. RYAN.

How swiftly they go!
Life's many Years,
With their winds of woe
And their storms of tears,
And their darkest of Nights whose shadowy slopes
Are lit with the flashes of starriest hopes,
And their sunshiny Days in whose calm heaven loom
The clouds of the tempest—the shadows of gloom,

And ah! we pray
With a grief so drear,
That the years may stay
When their graves are near;
Though the brows of To-morrows be radiant and bright
With love and with beauty, with life and with light,
The dead hearts of Yesterdays, cold on the bier,
To the hearts that survive them, are evermore dear.

For the hearts so true,
To each Old Year cleave,
Though the hand of the New
Flowery garlands weave;
But the flowers of the Future, though fragrant and fair,
With the Past's withered leaflets may never compare;
For dear is each dead leaf—and dearer each thorn
In the wreaths which the brows of our past years have worn.

Yea! men will cling
With a love to the last,
And wildly fling
Their arms round the Past!
As the vine that clings to the oak that falls,
As the ivy twines round the crumbled walls;
For the dust of the Past some hearts higher prize
Than the stars that flash out from the Future's bright skies.

And why not so?
The old, old years,
They knew and the know
All our hopes and our fears;
We walked by their side, and we told them each grief,
And they kissed off our tears while they whispered relief,
And the stories of hearts that may not be revealed
In the hearts of the dead years are buried and sealed.

Let the New Year sing
At the Old Year's grave,
Will the New Year bring
What the Old Year gave?
Ah! the stranger Year trips it over the snows,
And his brow is enwreathed with many a rose,
But how many thorns do the roses conceal
Which the roses, when withered, shall soon reveal?

Let the New Year smile
When the Old Year dies;
In how short a while
Shall the smiles be sighs?
Yes! stranger-Year, thou hast many a charm,
And thy face is fair, and thy greeting warm,
But, dearer than thou—in his shroud of snows—
Is the furrowed face of the Year that goes.

Yet, bright New Year!
O'er all the earth
With song and cheer
They will hail thy birth;
They will trust thy words in a single hour,
They will love thy face, they will laud thy power,
For the New Year has charms which the Old has not,
And the stranger's face makes the friend's forgot.

Tales, Sketches, Anecdotes, &c.

ON THE ICE.

The glare of many colored lights above, and the glare of the sheet of ice below, dotted here and there with scores of swift gallants and graceful lassies, made an enchanting picture. I found my way down to the ice, and stood on the brink of this intoxicating delight, fully enjoying it. My early education on skates had been wofully neglected. I never so fully realized this as when I stood by the edge of the pond with my feet firmly imbedded in the snow on that December evening, and looked at the lights, the people and the fun. Very lean legged men whirled and skimmed before me.

A very short, squatty looking boy bore down from somewhere and took a position in front of me. He had a pair of skates dangling from his arm, and something else not quite so large dangling from his nose. He was a queer looking boy. When he stopped, he seemed to shut himself up like a telescope. His head settled down between his shoulders, and his body came down upon his legs, as though they had an intention of breaking down those valuable members of society. He evidently had something heavy on his mind. He drummed his heels on the ice before me, and looked absently at the gayety all around him. While studying him, I commenced to feel an overpowering desire to get out on the pond and distinguish myself, although I had no very well defined idea how I was to do it. My gaze alternated between his skates and the ice for some time. I have since thought the boy was hired by somebody to take up that position, but I had no idea of the kind at the time. Such a thought then, would have been worth two hundred dollars; coming when it did, it was a damage to me.

Finally, I hailed the young man, with a view to mounting his skates. He was corrupt to the core, and a twenty-five cent stamp overcame him like a summer rain. He threw down the skates at my feet, and turned his attention to the stamp. He held it up to the light, and then between him and the light; then he rubbed it between his fingers. Its genuineness satisfied him, and he put it carefully away behind his clothes somewhere.

"Is your heels bored!" he asked.

"What do you mean by that!" I said.

"Why, for the corks of the skates," he answered, looking at me curiously.

I felt that I had said something I ought not to, but I told him to put on the skates, as I had rheumatism in my wrist.

I sat down on the snow, and he went to work. He was a long time doing it. The snow was uncomfortably moist, and my coat was too short to be of any use. I sat there long enough to have absorbed all the moisture for a yard around me. When he got through he told me to get upon my feet. I got part ways up, and then it happened to occur to me that this was the first time I had ever been harnessed to two skates at once. The reflection was weightier than would seem possible, and I sat down.

"Guess you never skated for a living!" remarked the boy, taking hold of my hand.

"Not that I remember," I said, faintly.

I let him assist me to my feet just as a party of young people went skimming by. The owner of the skates was a philanthropist in his way. He pointed to the party, and said that they were skating round the pond on a wager, and asked me not to run over them. I had all I could do to resist a desire to start in chase of the party and run over them, but I managed to suppress it.

It felt so nice to be on my feet that I told him I guessed I'd start out. I was disappointed in one particular. I thought it would require an effort to start off, but it didn't. While I was deciding between shooting across the pond like a comet, and marking out a spread-eagle in the very centre of the ice, a sudden movement of the left skate diverted my attention, and the next moment I was looking at the lamps through my legs and bumping my head ferociously against the ice. This surprised me, and it interested the boy. The more so, as I held in my outstretched hand a portion of the hair that a moment before adorned and protected his scalp.

"Why, what on earth did you do that for!" he asked, looking at me with considerable uneasiness and holding his hand on his head.

I didn't make any answer. I saw that I had created a sensation—besides my head ached.

He helped me up, but I noticed that he didn't show the enthusiasm he brought to the first effort, and, also, that when he got me to a perpendicular, he showed an inclination to avoid me.

He kept one eye on me, and the other revolved toward the shore. This angered me.

"I won't hurt you," I said.

"I don't want you to," he answered.

"Why don't you stay by me, then!" I asked.

"Because I ain't got much hair, and I ain't old enough to wear a wig."

It was useless to argue with him, and besides, the skates were acting a little uneasy. My knees were wobbling back and forth with increasing speed, and I didn't know but they might become unhinged.

"What are you trying to do now? take yourself apart!" he asked.

This query exhausted my patience. I braced my knees up, and moved off. I was again too ruffled. I felt very damp where I didn't want to. The owner of the skates was pleased with this movement, but not quite so intoxicated with delight as to forget his caution. I moved off about two yards, then I brought up so quick as to wrench my back, but I kept on my feet. However, that cramp in the back troubled me, and I concluded if I had to crack my spine whenever I stopped I wouldn't stop again. I got along for a couple of rods very well, as the ice was cut up here. Then I sat down to rest. I didn't really intend to rest there, but as I sat down, I thought I may as well rest. Like many amateurs, I was careless in my sitting place, otherwise I would have went an inch further, and avoided a small paving stone.

I felt quite contented here; there didn't appear to be any danger. The proprietor of the skates didn't share my satisfaction, however.

"Ain't you going any farther?" he asked.

"Not yet," I said.

"But suppose it commences to thaw?"

I couldn't answer this, and didn't want to. A little ahead of us was an old gentleman and a young lady. The young lady was on skates, and the old gentleman was helping her along. The young lady was very handsome, and I became interested in her progress. I concluded to help her.

"Come here, Mr. Hinckley, and help me up again," I said to the boy.

"My name ain't Hinckley, though I don't know what it is; my head is so sore," he said, as he pulled me up on my feet. I had him hold me while I straightened my necktie, and then I told him to let go when I said "ready." I laid back for a stunning movement, and opened my mouth to give the signal, when he abruptly let go. I made an effort to catch myself, but it was abortive. I come down with force sufficient to split the pond wide open, and to send the damp part of my pants up into my throat. The young man made all haste to get me up again. He was really frightened. He said: "I wouldn't do that again, if I was you."

I assured him I would try my best to suppress any desire to do it again; but I ventured to affirm that I wouldn't try to control an inclination to knock his head off, if he repeated his carelessness. That sobered him.

He hung to me this time till I was ready, and when I gave the command he let go, and I bore down on the old gentleman and the young lady. They were pretty close to me, and I had but little distance to bore, which was just as well. I came up before them, scraping the ice with vigor.

"Learning to skate!" I remarked moving about to keep on my feet.

"Yes, sir," she said, clinging nervously to her companion's whiskers.

"Why don't you try it alone!" I asked; "that is the way I learned."

"Ain't it hard!" inquired the old gentleman.

"Not at all," said I, continuing to move about to avoid falling over both of them.

"Just look at me now, and see how I do it, and then you try the same way," I added, placing my back to them, and preparing to do something to take away their breath.

"Are you looking?" I said with confidence, but not daring to turn around.

"Oh, yes," they both cried.

"Then here I go," I said. And the words were no sooner uttered than verified. I felt a sudden, rapid movement. I heard a rasping sound beneath me and then right ahead. The lights gave a sudden whirl and disappeared, and the next minute I struck the ice a tremendous blow with the back of my head. I never had anything interest me like that. It had absorbed all my attention. I was confident nobody ever had such a fall. Not even our first parents, nor the Niagra river. It was worse than last fall. This consoled me. I made no inquiries for the young lady. I told the boy to come and unharness me. There was not enough variety about skating to suit my fiery nature. Besides, the owner of the pond was a poor man and had a large family, and this was his only pond.

THE origin of names is as pleasing as well as an instructive study, especially when we reflect that few, if any, of either family or christian names, in common use, were originally arbitrary or insignificant. And inasmuch as the character of the person was formerly indicated by his name, the significance of names becomes a matter of historical importance. Hence it is that the modern rage for rebaptizing neighborhoods and villages, for the mere sake of euphony, meets with the honest protest of all thinking persons. Western people have a way of compromising this matter which is as admirable as it is sensible and conservative. In the early days of western emigration an intelligent Irishman, known as Pat. Doogan, settled on the Kentucky side of the Ohio river, where he built a little dock and supplied steamboats with wood. The place was called "Pat Doogan's Landing." It was soon shortened into "Pat Doogan's" then into "Pats doogans," and finally to the euphonious name which now appears on all the maps, Paducah. We do not know whether any of the original Doogan family or its descendants still inhabit the town, but we have ample assurance that the above reminiscence is strictly historical.—*Packard's Monthly*

THE other day a New Orleans reporter visited the insane asylum in that city. A beautiful damsel suddenly rushed into his arms, exclaiming:

"Oh, my dear, dear, husband!"

The news-gatherer folded her to his bosom, and toying with the tail of her chignon, tenderly said:

"Why, my little dear, did you think I would stay away from you!"

"No," she softly replied, "you always liked to kiss me."

The reporter's face turned as red as a turkey-gobbler's comb.

"But you know you are insane, my dear," he said.

"Yes," replied the fascinating girl, "that's why I kiss *you*."

The reporter immediately left for the nearest jam-jam dispensary and drowned his mortification in a series of "hunkey-doreys."

A PLEASANT PATCH.—Jack Whaly's wife one day chanced to find an elegant piece of white leather on the road, and she brought it home with her in great delight to mend Jack's small clothes, which she did very neatly. Jack set off on horseback next day, little suspecting what was in store for him; but when he had trotted about five miles—it was in the month of July—he began to feel mighty uneasy in the saddle—a feeling that continued to increase every moment, till at last he said "it was like taking a canter on a bee-hive in swarming time;" and well he might, for the piece of leather was none other than a blister that the apothecary's boy had dropped that morning on the road.

A TERRIBLE MYSTERY.

THREE LITTLE BOYS MISSING—THREE HUNDRED PERSONS SCOURING THE WOODS AND SWAMPS UNSUCCESSFULLY.

Nestling among the hills of northern New Jersey is the quiet hamlet of Wynockie, a sparse and scattered settlement inhabited by men of the hardworking classes mostly, and knowing the year round, ordinarily, none of the hurtful excitements or sensations so common to the metropolis. About two miles the other side of the end of the road leading thither from the direction of Paterson, stands a little blacksmith's shop, and still a mile further back from this point, in a plain old-fashioned abode, lives Jacob Weble, a mechanic by occupation.

From this quiet, secluded home, on the afternoon of New Year's day, his three little boys, aged respectively 10, 8 and 6 years, strolled out into the neighboring woods, telling their mother that they were going in search of hickory nuts from a tree that had recently been cut down. Since that time they have not been seen or heard of.

The father was absent at the time, having started for Pompton about half an hour before the children's departure, but returned at dusk, only to learn that the little ones had not come home. The mother, after calling them in vain, had gone as far into the woods as she dared, but still calling, received no response from the loved voices. Alarmed by their absence, the father set out in search, and continued in the woods most of the night; but his efforts were fruitless, and when morning came, the whole neighborhood, learning the sad circumstance, offered to join in the search.

Parties or gangs were organized, and during that day the woods and swamps were thoroughly scoured, but night brought no good tidings to the anxious parents. Then came the terrible gale of Sunday night, and it was hoped that by some possibility the children, if still alive, might in wandering about, have found shelter in one of the half ruined and deserted huts which line the highway. But an examination of these on the following day gave no ground for hope, and so Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday passed, bringing only a strengthened assurance that the poor children had perished. The energy with which the search was prosecuted was heroic.

On Wednesday and Thursday last over three hundred, including two hundred employees of the Pompton Steel Works and Ringwood Iron Works, joined in its prosecution, every family in the valley turning out to help. Not a spot in the mountains or forest was left unvisited, or unscanned by eager eyes for miles around, but still in vain. Then the one supposition was uppermost in people's minds. Through the valley runs the river Ramapo, and this, it is feared, the children may have attempted to cross upon the ice, which was then rotten, and consequently unable to bear their weight, but as the storm of Sunday night broke the river up completely, no trace of the broken ice could be discovered, and conjectures were only possible. But in support of the theory that the children were drowned, is the statement of Conrad Tice, the keeper of a tavern near by, who says that on New Year's night the screams of children were heard in the direction of the river, and he now thinks they, finding themselves lost, must have endeavored to cross the stream toward the light of his house. Acting upon this supposition, the searchers have dragged the river, but have discovered nothing, and thus the whereabouts of the unfortunates is wrapped in mystery up to the present time.—*N. Y. News.*

A DOUBLE MAN.—All the stories told of the Siamese twins hardly equal this of the Scotch double man, of whom the following account is given by the Rerum Scotiarum Historia:

During the reign of James III, of Scotland, and at his court, there lived a man double above the waist and single below that region. The King caused him to be carefully brought up. He rapidly acquired a knowledge of music, the two heads learned several languages, they debated together, and the two upper halves occasionally fought. They lived generally, however, in the greatest harmony. When the lower part of the body was tickled, the two individuals felt it together, but when, on the other hand, one or other of the individuals was touched, he alone felt the fact. This monstrous being died at the age of 28 years. One of the bodies died several days before the other.

SHARP PRACTICE ON A TOLL KEEPER.—A La Fayette minstrel, riding a pumpkin colored sorrel, perpetrated a heavy sell on a toll gate keeper near La Fayette, one day last week. He rode up unobserved, and quickly turning his horse's face about, directly opposite to the direction he wanted to go, called to the toll-keeper who had by this time come out: "How much to ——?" "Twenty cents," answered the toll keeper. "Too high!" replied the solitary horseman, "can't pay it. Guess I'll go back." He turned his horse about and proceeded in precisely the direction he wanted to go—the toll-gater never dreaming of the sell.

AN exchange wants to know if a darkey can have a white swelling.

ECCENTRIC BENEVOLENCE.—There lives at Pawtucket, R. I., a wealthy old gentleman named R. C. Dorsey, who, in addition to many miscellaneous acts of charity and benevolence, has provided for a dinner of roast turkey to be eaten by the convicts in the State prisons of Rhode Island and Connecticut on his birthday in perpetuity. Often he gives roast dinners of the same kind to the prisoners of other States. Once he gave $200 to a certain prison for that purpose; but learning afterwards that his birds were *boiled* instead of *roasted*, he sued the prison authorities and recovered his money. On this occasion he said:

"If the old gentleman, on the return of his prodigal son had said, 'Boys, now kill the fatted calf, and *roast* it for the feast of welcome,' how would he have felt if, on afterwards going to the kitchen, he had found them *boiling* the calf? He would, I think, been likely to have made some fuss about it."

To the prisoners of Kentucky (the barbecue State) he ordered the biggest ox in Kentucky to be roasted and served with all the "fixings." When a friend spoke to him of his "work"—relieving the needy and feeding the prisoners—he replied brusquely:

"Work, indeed! Call it *fun*, for such it is, and nothing else. Oh, if rich men only knew the luxury of giving, it would be impossible for them to hoard. The only thing money is good for is to be given away. When a man feels that all he receives is a deposit in trust, to be used for the relief of God's poor, nothing is easier than to dispense with a liberal hand; but when his feeling, in reference to what the Lord gives him, is 'This is mine,' he can never get enough; the whole world not satisfy him."

THE BLACK DEATH.—the worst of the great epidemics, says W. R. Alger, of the Middle Ages was the Black Death. This celebrated plague, standing alone in its colossal horror, originated in China, in the earlier part of the fourteenth century. Its accompaniments were ghastly and terrific in the last degree. It overrun three-quarters of the globe, and swept off a hundred millions of human beings. Twenty five millions perished in Europe alone. During its prevalence a pestilential gale blew over the island of Cyprus, beneath which the inhabitants instantly fell dead in hundreds, as if death had opened a forge in the air and blasted them with fire. In the city of Venice over a hundred thousand died in a few months. Fifty thousand victims in London were buried together indiscriminately in one enormous pit. Such universal terror went abroad that all ties were broken, all motives loosened. Here the most brutal debauchery ran riot. There, seclusion, denial, and superstitious rites were seen. The ground rocked beneath the tread of armies of the flagellants, scourging their backs with blood whips, and striking cliff, wall and sky, with the chorus of their Judgment Hymn. The monks, partaking of the general fright, closed their gates and betook themselves to prayer and masses. All classes of people carried their treasures, money and precious vessels, and threw them in heaps over the walls of the monasteries, as depreciatory offerings to religion.

IN A TRANCE FOR SIXTY HOURS—SAVED BY A MOTHER'S LOVE.—The San Francisco Morning Call, in a history of the life of Peter Bernard Forster, one of the proprietors of that paper, relates the following incident, which should be a warning against the prevalent practice of burying persons supposed to be dead without a positive knowledge that such is the case:

"Prior to his dissolution Mr. Forster requested that a *post mortem* examination be made of his body. The reason for his desiring this to be done was that, when only about twelve years of age, he had lain in a trance for sixty hours. He had been ill for some time, and finally fell into a trance, which was pronounced by all those in attendance upon him, with the exception of his mother, to be death. She, with a mother's hope and love, refused to believe that he was dead, and resisted all suggestions as to the necessity of interment. She watched by the side of her child for a period of sixty hours, and then had the great joy of discovering signs of returning life. Proper means having been applied, he recovered his health. During the time he was in the trance he knew everything that took place in the room that he lay, could hear and understand all that was said, but could not move a muscle or make a sign. This caused him to express a wish that he be not buried until his death was certain."

HABITS.—Like flakes of snow that fall unperceived upon the earth, the seemingly unimportant events of life succeed one another. As the snow gathers together, so are our habits formed. No single flake that is added to the pile produces a sensible change; no single action creates, however it may exhibit a man's character; but as the tempest hurls the avalanche down the mountain, and overwhelms the inhabitant and his habitation, so passion, acting on the elements of mischief, which pernicious habits have brought together by imperceptible accumulation, may overthrow the edifice of truth and virtue.

Cambria Freeman.

EBENSBURG, PA.

THURSDAY MORNING, : JAN. 20, 1870.

WITH the present number ends the third volume of the *Freeman*, and with it ends the day of grace for all persons who have received our paper from the beginning and have paid us nothing. Unless we hear from these parties in the right way before another week goes by, we shall strike their names from our subscription list and adopt legal measures for collecting $2 50 per year, or $7.50 in all, from each and every one of them who is worth "going for." *This notice is earnest and final*, and if those for whom it is intended wish to save $1 50 and costs of suit, now is the time to do it.

How the Money Goes.

About a week ago that paragon of an *honest* and *pure* legislator, Sam. Josephs, who claims to be a democrat, offered a resolution in the House of Representatives requiring the clerk of that body to purchase for the use of each member (100) a copy of Purdon's Digest and a copy of Zeigler's Manual. The resolution was adopted, and will entail on the State an expenditure of not less than *one thousand dollars*. If this resolution had applied only to the *new* members, it would not have been objectionable, because they are both works of which every member ought to have a copy, but as a similar resolution has been adopted at the commencement of every session for years past, and as Sam: Josephs has been an unworthy member of that body for either *eight* or *nine* years in succession, it follows that his library contains that many volumes of both works, all of which have been paid for out of the State treasury.

This is the meanest and most contemptible species of legislative robbery, and ought to meet with general execration. The people demand and have a right to expect a vast curtailment in the hitherto enormous and constantly increasing expenses of the Legislature, and this is the way in which their expectations are met and disappointed.

It is a noteworthy fact that the names of the names of the very liberal gentlemen who voted with Josephs for his plundering resolution were suppressed in the report of the proceedings, while the names of those who had the honesty to vote in the negative were published. As a simple act of justice to them we append their names. The *nays* were Beans, Bowman, Brobst, Buffington, Chamberlain, Church, Cooper, Coray, Fulton, Herr, Humphreys, Keech, Keene, Kefer, Kerr, Kreps, Long, Longnecker, McCracken, McJunkin, Marshall, Maxwell, Miller (Allegheny), Reinoehl, Roberts, Scott, Schwartz, Sedgwick, Shurlock, Steele (Armstrong), Stephens, Stone, Taylor, Tyler, Vankirk, Webb, White, Wiley and Woolever.

The Election of State Treasurer.

On yesterday week the Legislature met in joint convention for the purpose of electing a State Treasurer. The third ballot resulted in the choice of Gen. W. W. IRWIN, of Beaver county, over ROBERT W. MACKEY, the present incumbent as well as the radical caucus candidate, by a vote of 70 to 61.—The democratic members voted for DANIEL O. BARR, of Pittsburgh, on the first ballot, and on the second and third for Mr. Irwin, and, with the votes of fifteen republicans, elected him.

We cannot but regard this result, unexpected as it was, as a subject of sincere congratulation—not that it is in any sense a democratic victory, for Irwin has always been a republican, but because it is a triumph of the taxpayers of the Commonwealth over a corrupt and desperate faction, of which Mackey was the acknowledged and efficient leader and the controling spirit.—It effectually cuts up by the roots what was known at Harrisburg during the last session as the "Treasury Ring," and which was organized by Mackey himself and a few congenial spirits who were taken into his confidence. It may be safely affirmed that the occupation of *that* ring is now gone, and, as we trust, will never return.

The seventy members who voted for Gen Irwin have it in their power, if they will act harmoniously and with a common purpose, to prevent all vicious and corrupt legislation during the present session, and thus save the treasury and therefore the taxpayers from being plundered by any corrupt and fraudulent schemes that may be attempted. We believe they will do so, and thus maintain their political and personal integrity.

Gen. Irwin was displaced from the office of State Treasurer last winter, by the influence of the "Ring," after having filled the position for one year. His reputation for honesty and integrity is beyond suspicion—his capacity is undoubted—and the best results to the true interests of the State may safely be anticipated from his return to office. That our readers may know more fully, however, what manner of man he is, we publish the following brief sketch of his antecedents, as we find them given in a late number of the Philadelphia *Evening Herald:*

General Wm. H. Irwin, the newly-elected State Treasurer, is a man of about fifty years of age, and enjoys an excellent reputation.—At the commencement of our internal troubles he recruited a regiment of volunteers. In October, 1861, he was appointed Commissary General of the State by Governor Curtin. He discharged the laborious duties of the office with great credit to himself. In 1868 he was the predecessor of the man whose successor he has become. For many years the General was identified with the steamboat interest of Pittsburgh, and is universally known as a person of integrity, good business habits, and a kind-hearted, genial gentleman.

Having reached his present position through the aid of the Democratic members of the Legislature, we have a right to expect that the General will endeavor to reform the abuses of the Treasurer's office. According to the allegations of Governor Geary, unlawful measures have been resorted to by incumbents of the Treasury to enrich themselves. Let that kind of business cease at once. We know that the salary is totally inadequate to the duties performed, and it should be the duty of the Legislature to make the salary commensurate with the labor and responsibility of the office. We truly hope that the Governor will not be permitted, through any act of the new incumbent, to reiterate in his next message the serious charges contained in his last.

The Findlay-Scull Contest.

Hiram Findlay was sworn in as State Senator from the Somerset district on Wednesday of last week. Thus has been defeated the base and scurvy attempt that was made to deprive him of a seat to which it is admitted by all fair-minded men, he had been honestly and legally elected. On the previous day, when the question came up in the Senate on adopting Harry White's report declaring that Scull had a *prima facie* right to the seat, and thus making Findlay the contestant, *two* radical Senators, Lowry and Billingfelt, voted with the democrats and defeated the report by a *tie vote*. On the following day, the 12th, Mr. Findley was sworn in on motion of Harry White—the very Senator who had reported against him—who thus took what is familiarly known in legal proceedings, as a *non suit*. On the 13th Scull presented his petition, which of course he brought with him to Harrisburg, contesting Findlay's seat, and the Senate fixed last Tuesday as the day on which to draw the Committee to try the case. In connection with this subject, we publish the following letter from Benjamin H. Brewster, the late Attorney General, to Senator Lowry. It is sound law and therefore hard common sense, and is a complete answer to the positions taken by Harry White in his flimsy and partisan report:

706 WALNUT STREET, PHILADELPHIA, January 7, 1870.

MY DEAR MR. LOWRY:—I am so occupied that I cannot answer you as freely as I would like to do. However, the whole question is within a very narrow compass, and will not admit of much elaborate discussion. You ask me if you have taken the right ground, and you say you are anxious not to go astray. You have not gone astray. You are right Party has nothing to do with this. Principle alone must be considered, or confusion and legislative anarchy will be the result. The matter has been determined over and over. Indeed, no precedent can be found to uphold the proposed course. The man who holds the certificate is the elected man, and entitled to his seat. Those who dispute his certificate contest. No legislative body can be organized on any other principle. The return judges having certified by a majority that A was duly elected, A must take the seat. If B has a dissenting opinion from one judge, or a minority, that no more entitles him to the seat than it would give a citizen a judgement in a court of law when the majority of the court had resolved the other way. In either case, the remedy is by appeal. In the meantime the occupant holds, or he must be ejected by judgment in the whole case as presented to the higher court, and the court in this case is the committee as provided by law. But there is no occasion to illustrate by analysis in this case the law—the law is imperative, and to revoke it for the mere purpose of upholding party supremacy, or from any legislative whim, must be destructive of all true legislative organization.

Some years ago I gave my opinion of a like character in Judge King's case, and he was commissioned. Mr. W. L. Hirst united with me in that opinion. The papers you can get, no doubt, in the Secretary's office, and so I decided in the Covode and Foster case.

Consistent action and strict adherence to the law is essential in such cases. The method of solving such disputes is a part of parliamentary history in England, and the course provided was adopted after much contention, and has been accepted as the wise, just and impartial way, and being accepted procured tranquility on a subject which before was the cause of much injustice. The law, as it has been applied to each gentleman who now holds his seat in your body, must be applied to this case, or you will all of you "go astray."

Truly your friend,
BENJAMIN HARRIS BREWSTER.

To Hon. M. B Lowry, Senate, Harrisburg, Pa.

The Union Pacific Railroad--No Fears of Snow Blockades.

We are indebted to Messrs. De Haven & Bro., Philadelphia, the efficient agents of the Union Pacific Railroad Company, for the following important letter:

BOSTON, Dec. 20.—G. T. Nutter, Esq., No. 229 Broadway, N. Y.—Dear Sir: Yours, requesting information in regard to the snow fall and the prospects of operating the U. P. R. R. during the winter, is received.

I have been familiar with the Rocky Mountain country through which the road passes since 1864, and from my long experience in that country am satisfied that the road can be successfully operated in the winter, with as little expense or trouble as the same length of road in New England, New York, or the Western States. The two winters that the road was being built through the mountains there has been no snow to obstruct the successful operating of the road that could not be controlled by snow fences.

The first winter that we were building in the mountains, trains were run daily to the end of the track, which was near Sherman, at the summit of the Black Hills, which is eleven hundred feet higher than any other point on the line of road between the two oceans.

The work of grading and building the road through the mountains was successfully carried on during the winter, with less delays from storms than would have been encountered in the East. I have never seen more than ten inches of snow on the ground east of the Sierra Nevada Mountains. But very little snow falls east of these mountains, for the reason that the moisture carried inland by the warm trade winds from the Pacific Ocean, as it rises up the slope of the Sierras into a cold atmosphere, is condensed and falls in snow or rain, and the wind comes over to the plains and mountains exhausted of moisture; hence the dry and desert country east of the Sierras through the mountain country. Another reason may be given why there is not much snow in the vicinity of the road, viz:—Nearly all the moisture that gets over the high mountains bordering the sea is precipitated on the summits of the mountain ranges, instead of in the plains and on the lower mountains in the vicinity of the road.

A great deal has been said and written about the severe winds of the mountain country, and from my experience a very erroneous impression is generally entertained.

In supplying water for engines we put up windmills on the first six hundred miles to pump the water, which worked successfully on the plains east of the mountains; but in the mountains we were obliged to abandon the wind-mill power, there not being wind enough to drive the mills.

Yours very respectfully,
SAMUEL B. REED,
General Sup't Construction U. P. R. R.

Samuel B. Reed was one of the "pushing" pioneers of the U. P. R. R., to whom great credit is due for his invincible, energetic sagacity—a man whose name will go down to posterity as one of the greatest railroad builders of his time.

Gen. George W. Morgan.

This able gentleman, who was a gallant Union soldier and who is now a democratic member of Congress from Ohio, recently delivered a speech in that body which has attracted deserved attention and eliaited many encomiums from the democratic press of the country. We publish the following extract from it, which has the ring of the true metal, and which ought to commend itself to the warm approval of every man who is familiar with the high handed encroachments of Congress for the last three years:

[From the Globe, Dec. 20.]

MR SPEAKER:—There are those, and they are numbered by thousands, who at the time of the outbreak of the war, which closed five years ago, believed that it was the deliberate purpose of the leaders of the so-called republican party to force this country into war for the express purpose of subverting its free institutions. I was one of those who were reluctant so to believe. I was willing to contribute, to the best of my humble ability, in suppressing the armed opposition to the government. But, sir, with my hand upon my heart in the presence of the great God who rules all nations and now watches over ours, I here declare that I am now convinced that the single object of these leaders of the republican party was the subversion of our free institutions and the desire of war to that end. The charge that I make is a bold one—a charge that should not be lightly made—a charge which, when made on this floor, should be sustained by proof.

What are the proofs?

I feel bound in candor to say, sir, that in the charges I have brought and am about to urge against those who has usurped leadership over what is called the republican party, *I do not include the thousands of honest and patriotic men who have mistakenly acted with that organization.*

But I charge that there is a conspiracy in our country to break down our free institutions and adopt a government similar to that of Great Britian. I charge this: that there is a purpose to rob the Executive of his constitutional powers. I charge this: that there is a conspiracy to rob the Supreme Court of the United States of its rightful authority, and to confer upon this House and the Senate judicial powers; thus concentrating in Congress executive, legislative and judicial powers. I charge this: that the action of this Congress is revolutionary. I charge this: that it sets at defiance the Constitution of the United States as the Long Parliament set at defiance the English constitution, and as the Assembly of France usurped all the powers of government.

This wide spread conspiracy among the republican leaders, necessarily includes in its programme the crushing out of State sovereignty. Congress have, during the last four years, been trying their hands at that sort of work among the Southern States, which they have made and unmade, moulded and unmoulded, according to the whim and unbridled and remorseless despotism, and regardless of the constitution, the laws or the promptings of the voice of justice. Look at Georgia, *again* in chains! Listen to the muttered threats against the further existence of Tennessee as a State, and tell us if the downfall of Pennsylvania's sovereign power is not a mere question of time. Long before that time of territorial vassalage shall have overtaken us, what will have become of the corporations and their stocks which owe their existence to the sovereignty of Pennsylvania? what will have become of our railroads, of our telegraph lines, most of which owe their value to their local importance? They will have fallen victims to the rapacity of the great Congressional Ring! They and their directors, and their stockholders, and their stock, and their dividends, and their State Charters, will have given place to the huge corporation of the mammoth "*Congressional Ring!*"

They will have gone the way of *the State Banks*, with this difference, however, that most of the State Banks merely changed their allegiance, but retained their cash, while our railroads and telegraph lines will have lost everything except the bitter recollection that, in supporting the republican leaders in their scheme of centralization and their dark designs against the existence of the sovereignty of the States, they aimed a deadly blow at the source of their own existence and dug the grave which was to receive the dishonored fragments of their mutilated bodies! Was ever such blindness displayed by men who enjoy the reputation of being the shrewdest among the shrewd? They nurture little "*rings*" in their own State; they contribute their thousands to carry out the plots of those rings, and thus prepare for the permanent installation of the huge "ring" at Washington, which, ere long, like a boa-constrictor, will swallow them all up, and leave nothing of them but the sad history of their strange infatuation!

DON'T FAIL to read the following complimentary notices of the *American Stock Journal*. Specimen copies of the *Journal* will be sent free, by enclosing stamp (for postage) to the Publishers, N. P. BOYER & Co., Parkesburg, Pa.

THE AMERICAN STOCK JOURNAL is a monthly of thirty-two large double column pages of original matter designed for Farmers and Stock Breeders.—Republican, Havre De Grace, Md.

Would not be deprived of it for four times its cost.—Monroe Journal, Monroeville, Ala.

A very interesting magazine, devoted to agriculture and stock raising.—Mechanic and Inventor, Detroit, Mich.

Handsomely bound, and about the size of the Atlantic Monthly.—Christian Freeman, Chicago.

A friend of ours got a receipt from the American Stock Journal that cured a horse (worth $500) that had been given up to die by a veterinary surgeon.—Northampton (Eng.) Jour.

A splendid Agricultural paper.—Sullivan County (Ind.) Union.

Worth ten dollars a year to any stock raiser.—American Rescue, Shelbyville, Tenn.

Every Farmer should have it.—Herald, Traverse City, Mich.

Valuable to the Farmer, Planter and Stock Breeder.—Zanesville (O.) Daily Signal.

Those who see a copy come down with the stamps at once, only $1 a year.—Prairie Chief, Tonlou, Ill.

For the amount of reading matter the Journal contains, we consider it the cheapest paper printed.—Family Visitant, Ann Arbor, Mich.

HON. JEREMIAH S. BLACK is preparing a valuable contribution to American history, being no less than an inner view of the Buchanan Administration from Nov., 1860, to March 1861. It is reported that Mr. Black has become particularly anxious for the world to know the parts played by the late Edwin M. Stanton and himself during the eventful months immediately preceding Abraham Lincoln's inauguration. He will also enlighten us as to the services of the other members of the cabinet. The document will certainly be interesting reading.

—At the inauguration of Governor Geary, on Tuesday last, the post of honor was awarded to a negro military company from Philadelphia, whereupon the firemen of Harrisburg, numbering 500, left the procession in disgust.

Grant---Message Extraordinary to both Houses of Congress.

To the Senate and House of Representatives:

As the custodian of the White House and the stables attached, and owner of valuable horses in the latter, it becomes my duty to inform you that I visited Long Branch, drove over all the roads there, and danced the lancers with Olive Logan, and I hope I shall do it again.

I rode over the Erie railroad and didn't get killed, and I hope I shall do it again.

I visited Pennsylvania in the oil regions, fished for trout out of season, and didn't get fined, and I hope I shall visit it again and catch more trout.

I visited Rhode Island and attended a clam bake, which I should not have attended if I had not been there, and I hope I shall go there again.

I visited the White Mountains and saw many Yankee notions which I should not have seen if I had not been there, and I hope to see them again.

I visited Saratoga Springs and changed my drinks, which came nearer killing me than the ride on the Erie railroad. I changed back my drinks and soon became able to dance the lancers, and I hope the change will continue.

I visited Pennsylvania again and stopped at Lancaster; but I should not have stopped if the cars had not stopped for a little while.

I have raised Bonner and Wilkes several times. I drove their horses, and I hope I shall drive them again.

I visited the Maryland State Fair. They had fine horses and old rye, and I hope I shall attend again.

I have put all my relations and my wife's relations in office. They have all made some money, and I hope they will make more money by it.

I have received a great many presents since I was elected President, and I hope I shall be elected again.

I don't know much about the business of the country; but everybody I have appointed to office appears to have plenty of money, and I hope other prople have plenty of it.

I don't know much about the gold business, but if any of you want to know I will go and ask my wife about it.

I don't know what the people want; but they want something, and perhaps they will make you a present if you will grant it.

HONOR TO THE DESERVING.—In giving Hiram Findlay his seat the Senate of Pennsylvania has set the seal of condemnation upon political fraud and rascality. White, Howard, and their associates in wrong-doing have been signally rebuked, and their machinations are overthrown. The character of the Senate remains unsullied and its honor unstained by the crime of injustice

For all this we are indebted to Senators Lowry and Billingfelt, who nobly stood by the minority in their efforts to prevent a grievous wrong being done to the people of the Twentieth district. These gentlemen have won for themselves a reputation that all good men will admire, all honest men endorse. It required high moral courage to take the stand they did. They have withstood alike the appeals of party and the vindictive assaults of baffled conspirators.—They have proved themselves to be men of sterling worth—men who would rather do right than enjoy the highest honors of party through wrong. They have shown a commendable zeal for the rights of the people, and assisted to preserve inviolate the decisions of the ballot-box. In the hands of such men the honor and interests of the old Commonwealth are safe. Senators Lowry and Billingfelt are to be honored for their incorruptibility. Shakspeare has said,

"The purest treasure mortal times afford,
Is spotless reputation."

If this be true, and no one can doubt it, then are these Senators in possession of a treasure which few men in the radical ranks possess.—*Phila. Evening Herald.*

A RICH PRIZE—THE $19,000,000 MILLINER.—Some months since we published a statement to the effect that Miss Gray, a milliner of Fort Edward, had become the fortunate heir to 19,000,000, which her lover, a young Englishman, had willed to her on his dying bed. The main fact in the case—the heirship—is true; but we now learn that it was not to the lover, but to his father that Miss Gray is indebted for her extraordinary good fortune. It seems the lover on his return to England, like too many others, proved inconsistent, and married another lady against his father's will. Whether it was remorse at his faithlessness or from other cause, certain it is the young man died in about a year after his marriage, and left all his property to his father. The old gentleman was without heirs, and not having become reconciled to his daughter-in-law, upon his death left one-half of his property to the government of England, and the remaining half, $19,000,000, to Miss Gray, the Fort Edward milliner. The sum was so large that many people were disposed to doubt its truth when it first appeared in print; but Miss Gray has already received the first installment of her fortune, a trifle of $5,000,000, from the British Consul in New York. On Tuesday last she received a dispatch from the Consul announcing that the money awaited her order, and on the following day she left Fort Edward for New York, where it was paid over to her. Lucky girl. —*Troy (N. Y.) Times, 14th.*

YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION.—We have received from the State Executive Committee of the Young Men's Christian Association, a report of the Convention held at Williamsport, Nov. 2d, 3d, and 4th, which it says was a grand success—200 delegates having been in attendance, representing every association in the State except two. Many towns in which there were no associations, sent delagates preparatory to organizing. It speaks in the highest terms of the cordial welcome given the delegates by the people of Williamsport. Many questions of general interest in association work were discussed, and much practical information elicited. The meetings were of a highly spiritual character. A new impetus was given to association work. Before the convention there was but twenty-seven associations in the State. Since then 20 new ones have been fully organized, and new life infused into all the old ones. Four other towns have begun to organize, and 26 others the committee are working in, and hope to organize associations during the winter. Copies of the report will be mailed gratuitously, and information with regard to the work given by addressing any member of the Executive committee, which consists of Thomas K. Cree, chairman, Pittsburg; Peter B. Simons, Philadelphia; Gen. Jas. A. Beaver, Bellefonte; Thomas H. Rabe, Pittsburg; C. C. Snirk, Erie; H. A. Myers, York; E. Franciscus, Harrisburg.

AN electrical child, aged ten months, is reported by the French journals to have died recently near Lyons. This infant, it is stated, was so charged with electricity that every person who approached it received a sharp shock. The child passed away quietly and painlessly, but at the instant of death a luminous fluvium emanated from the body and continued for several minutes. The foreign medical journals say that this case is unprecedented in history of science.

General News Items.

—Several Bedford county farmers are preparing to emigrate to Tennessee.

—The Legislature has shut down on the publication of the Legislative Record—a little affair that cost the tax-payers *only* some $60,000 or $70,000 per annum.

—A State Temperance Convention will assemble at Harrisburg on the 8th of February at 11 o'clock a. m. Full delegations are expected to be present from different organizations.

—A Boston soap man lost $32,000 in the New Haven depot. He so-approved of the conduct of the man who found and returned his wallet that he gave him $3,000. This made him so-'appy as he never was before.

—The Pittsburg *Mail*, of the 13th inst., records a wedding which took place at Saw Mill Run, where a youth of sixteen married a woman weighing upwards of two hundred pounds. The boy must have a hankering after flesh.

—It has transpired that the estimates for the coming year, which have been submitted to the House Committee on appropriations, foot up $19,000,000 in excess of the sum named in the estimates of the last fiscal year of the administration of President Johnson. And worse still, a deficiency bill is being prepared to supply the shortcomings of last year's estimates over which the radicals made such boastful comments.

—Professor Thatcher, the weather prophet of New York city has issued a bulletin which is calculated to make people feel uncomfortable. He says: The present mildness of the temperature is almost without precedent, and the public are told to prepare to hear news of further earthquakes, with great storms, in Europe. He thinks we will have much sickness in the United States, and recommends increased attention to sanitary regulations.

—There is a wonderful healing pool in Gratiot county, Michigan. A well three and a half inches in diameter, sunk in search of petroleum, began, at a depth of 200 feet, to spout water so powerfully magnetic that pen-knives dipped into it became permanently magnetized, and tin cups and glass tumblers held in the water were galvanized with a coating resembling gold. But the marvelous peculiarity of this water is its healing power. It seems to be a veritable Pool of Bethesda.

—The three little children who went into the woods of New Jersey on New Year's day, have been found. Their dead bodies were discovered on the south side of the Wynockie mountain, where the distressed father had been looking for them for several days. They experienced the terrific storm of the 2d instant, and from present indications, endeavored to satisfy their hunger by eating nuts growing around there. The bodies were not mutilated, and the remains have been taken to Pompton.

—The Chicago papers are jubilant over a palatial residence just completed in their city, constructed of thirty-four different kinds of wood, as follows: White ash, black ash, Hungarian ash, white cedar, red Florida cedar, chestnut, cherry, beech, yellow birch, white birch, butternut, Balm of Gilead, ebony, red elm, balsam fir, holly, hemlock, American linden, sugar maple, soft maple, two kinds of mahogany, white and red oak, white and yellow poplar, Norway pine, white pine, satin wood, sumac, sycamore, spruce, and black and sweet walnut.

—A suit for slander, instituted by Mrs. Mary Ann Rivers against her father, Henry G. Becker, which has been on trial at Hudson, G. Y., was terminated yesterday by the jury bringing in a verdict of $3,500 damages for the plaintiff. The plaintiff alleged that her father charged her with being a prostitute, a thief, and applied other low epithets to her. In opening the case for the prosecution, the Attorney remarked that defendant was an exponent of Mormonism—a practical Brigham Young—and was in all respects a disreputable member of society. The appearance of Mr. Becker was venerable, his hair being white, and his face bearing traces of old age. The case was a peculiar one in all respects.

—On Saturday morning last a young man named James F. Veasey was killed in the rolling mill at Scranton by falling into the fly-wheel. The engineer hearing the crushing of the bones and supposing the cogs were mashed stopped the engine, and as he did so, the blood like fine rain came down with pieces of flesh. The men at work in the mill saw something flying through the air, which they thought was a cloth from the engine, but it was the body of the unfortunate young man thrown forty feet from the wheel, landing on the top of a furnace, where it was found broiling and burning, and so terribly mangled as to render it utterly impossible to recognize him by either his features or clothing.

IMPRISONMENT IN A BOILER.—*A Most Horrible Situation.*—A somewhat extraordinary and very alarming accident occurred recently at the steam printing office of Messrs. Norman, at Cheltenham, Canada. The engine boiler is a powerful Cornish one, of Tuxford's make, there being two fire-holes in parallel tubes passing through the middle of the cylinder. At the time of the accident the boiler was being cleaned, and two persons, a man and a boy, were at work inside it, the man being in the further end of the cylinder, and the boy just inside the man-hole.

It is supposed that the lad was about getting out through the man-hole, when his foot slipped between the two tubes, and, losing his nerve, his struggle to extricate himself only forced his leg further in, until it became jammed above the knee joint. An effort to pull him out was resisted by the lad, and very soon his leg began to swell, so as to make its removal increasingly difficult. His body being fixed in the aperture of the man-hole almost excluded air from the man at the other end of the boiler, and things were looking serious before a couple of surgeons and a gang of smiths from the wagon works could be fetched.

Fears being entertained for the man, the first task was to wrench off the safety-valve pipe, and so give him air and pass stimulants to him. The men then applied themselves to the extrication of the lad, and at first tried to free him by forcing wedges in through the man-hole to drive the tubes asunder. After some time this was found to as impossible, the lad's body leaving little room for the insertion of the wedges, and the tubes bruising instead of bending. The men then had to face the task of loosening one of the tubes from the boiler-plate; and as they were fastened together by counter-sunk rivets, the task was a formidable one, and two or three hours before it could be effected the lad had fainted several times, and it was with difficulty life could be kept in him.

At length, after the two had been confined nearly seven hours, the tubes were so loosened as to allow of Cowley (the lad) being pulled out; and though his leg was much swollen and he was exceedingly faint and weak, it was found that no bones were broken. Lawrence (the man) was then got out in a very weak state. Both were well enough to be removed to their homes after a little while, but are now suffering severely from the effects of the shock and from the bruises which the jarring of the boiler under the smiths' blows occasioned.

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An Extraordinary Offer!
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THE LEADING AGRICULTURAL JOURNAL OF THE COUNTRY
FREE FOR ONE YEAR!

THE AMERICAN STOCK JOURNAL, a first-class monthly containing 32 large double column pages devoted to Farming and Stock Breeding, containing regular departments for the Practical Farmer, Dairyman, Stock Breeder, Wool Grower, Poultry Keeper, &c., &c., &c.,—Illustrated with numerous fine Engravings and bound in handsomely tinted covers. Farmers will find this monthly a very efficient aid in all the departments of Farming and Stock Breeding. It has a Veterinary Department under the charge of one of the ablest Professors in the United States, who answers through the JOURNAL, *free of charge*, all questions relating to Sick, Injured or Diseased Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Swine or Poultry. Thus every Subscriber has a Horse and Cattle Doctor *free*.

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H. A. MCPIKE,
Publisher Cambria Freeman.

A SINGULAR WATER FOWL.—A curious specimen of a water fowl was recently captured in Lancaster county by Dr. Weist. The fowl measures from the breast to the tip of the tail fifteen inches. The body is flat and measures about six and a-half inches. The neck stands nearly erect, not like a duck or other water fowls, and is rather thick and about six inches long. The bill is about two and a half inches long, and of a grayish black color, and terminating in a sharp point. Both the upper and lower mandibles are rounding. The eye is red and duck size.

The top of the head and neck and the upper portion of the body are covered with black feathers and small white tipped ends; the throat and lower portion of the body are covered with white feathers—the tail is about one and a half inches long and flat, about three inches wide, terminating to a thin white edge. The legs extend from the upper hind part of the back, above the tail, about two and a half inches long, with webbed feet, in the order of the fowl called grebe. The feathered appearance of the fowl is assimilating to the loon, but no other portion.

PAPER CLOTHING.—A new kind of paper, specially adapted for various kinds of clothing, has been invented in England. Both animal and vegetable materials are employed in its production, the latter being New Zealand flax, jute, hemp, and cotton, and the former wool, silk, skins, etc. These matters are reduced to a pulp and bleached, and then felted in appropriate machinery. The mixture of these materials gives a paper of extraordinary pliancy, flexibility, and strength, which may be sewn together as easily as woven fabrics, and makes as strong a seam. A very good imitation of leather is made of it, of which furniture coverings and even shoes may be made. The last may be waterproof by the introduction of oils and India-rubber.

—A terrible tornado visited Cane City Station, on the Louisville and Nashville Railroad, at an early hour on the morning of the 17th inst., resulting in the destruction of life and property. Seven or eight persons were instantly killed, including the tank man and family, consisting of his wife and two children, and about eighteen persons were more or less injured. Quite a large number of buildings were blown down and timber scattered in all directions.

TIMBER LAND AND SAW MILL PROPERTY FOR SALE.—That valuable property situated near Portage Station, on the Pa. R. R., in Washington township, Cambria county, containing 337 ACRES, and having thereon erected a SAW MILL, known as the "Rough and Ready" Mill, together with DWELLING HOUSE and STABLE; about fifteen acres are cleared, the balance being well timbered. Is one of the most desirable locations for lumbering purposes in the county. Will be sold on fair terms and possession given on the first day of April next. For terms call upon or address GEO. M. READE,
Jan. 20, 1870.-4t. Ebensburg, Pa.

Lorillard's "EUREKA" Smoking Tobacco is an excellent article of granulated Virginia—wherever introduced it is universally admired. It is put up in handsome muslin bags, in which orders for Meerschaum Pipes are daily packed.

Lorillard's Yacht Club Smoking Tobacco classed by all who consume it as the "finest of all"—it is made of the choicest leaf grown—it is anti nervous in its effects, as the Nicotine has been extracted—it leaves no disagreeable taste after smoking—it is very mild, light in color and weight, hence one pound will last as long as three of ordinary tobacco. In this brand we also pack orders every day for first quality Meerschaum Pipes. Try it and convince yourselves it is all it claims to be—"THE FINEST OF ALL."

Lorillard's 'CENTURY' Chewing Tobacco. This brand of Fine Cut Chewing Tobacco has no equal or superior anywhere. It is without doubt the best chewing tobacco in the country.

Lorillard's SNUFFS have now been in general use in the United States over 110 years, and is still acknowledged "the best" wherever used.

☞ If your storekeeper does not have the articles for sale, ask him to get them; they are sold by respectable jobbers almost everywhere. Circular of prices forwarded on application.

P. LORILLARD & CO., New York.

DISSOLUTION.—THE PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between T. BYRNE and JAS. CAULEY, under the style of T. BYRNE & Co., was dissolved by mutual consent on January 4th, 1870. The business of the old firm will be settled by T. BYRNE, at the old stand, corner of Robinson and Anderson sts., Allegheny, Pa. T. BYRNE,
Jan 13, 1870-3t.* JAS. CAULEY.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—The Fisher and Bloodgood Surveys being all patented, those who own portions of them need not apply for Patents. Those who have purchased tracts, or parts of tracts, of other bodies of surveys which have not been patented, can procure the patents by applying to
SHOEMAKER & OATMAN.
Ebensburg, Nov. 18, 1869. tf.

PETER CAMPBELL'S IMPROVED BEE HIVE

The undersigned has secured letters patent of the United States, dated December 14, 1869, for an improvement in the construction of Bee Hives, and claims for his invention advantages possessed by no other heretofore patented.

The principal feature of this Bee Hive is the arrangement by means of which it is thoroughly ventilated, thus precluding the possibility of the bees smothering, the comb moulding or the honey souring. This desirable end is accomplished by a vertical perforated tube, running centrally through the hive and open at the top and bottom. All persons interested in bee culture will at once see the great advantages secured in this improvement. The conditions for the increase of bees

The peculiar construction of the hive, particularly in the arrangement of the inner departments, whereby it can be cleaned at any time without disturbing the bees, is another valuable improvement which will be appreciated by any person who examines this Hive. An examination of the workings of the hive in any condition of the interior can be made in a moment, as the sides are closed with glass. It can be trasferred from a different hive to an improved one without any difficulty whatever. It would require too much space to explain here all the advantages claimed in this invention, but full information will be promptly furnished by applying in person or by letter to the patentee. I am now prepared to dispose of territory for the sale of the Improved Bee Hive in any portion of the United States.

PETER CAMPBELL,
Carrolltown, Cambria Co., Pa.

AUTOMATIC RAILWAY GATE

The patentee of the above has also secured and patented an AUTOMATIC RAILWAY GATE, to which he invites the attention of railroad men. Full information will be furnished on application, and Company rights will be disposed of by the inventor, as above. [Jan.13-3t.

VALUABLE LAND AT PRIVATE SALE.—The undersigned, Executors of M. LEAVY, Esq., late of Loretto Borough, deceased, offer at private sale, on fair terms,

Tract of Land in Allegheny Township,

Cambria county, located one mile from Loretto, on the road leading to St. Augustine, containing SEVENTY ONE ACRES, more or less. Acres of which are cleared, well fenced and watered, and in an excellent state of cultivation—having a good Log BANK BARN thereon erected. The balance of the land is covered with chestnut, oak, sugar and other timber. For terms and other information apply to either of the undersigned

MARGARET LEAVY, Loretto,
AUG. WALTERS, Carrolltown,
Executors of M. Leavy, dec'd.

N. B. All persons indebted, either by note or book account, to the estate of M. Leavy, dec'd, will save costs by making immediate payment to F. O'Friel, Esq., Loretto, who is authorized to collect and receipt for all moneys due said estate. [Dec. 9, 1869.3t.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.—By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Cambria county, there will be exposed to public outcry, on the premises in the borough of Ebensburg, on FRIDAY, JAN 28, 1870, at 2 o'clock, p. m., that certain LOT OF GROUND belonging to the estate of Eliza C. M. Cagre, deceased, situate in Ebensburg, extended, and bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a post on the east side of Ogle street, thence south along the line of Spruce alley six and one perches to a post, thence east along the north side of Train alley four perches to a post, thence northwardly and adjoining lot sixteen perches to a post, thence west along the south side of Ogle street four perches to the place of beginning, commonly known as Lot No 1 on the fifty-perch plan. TERMS—Cash on confirmation of the sale.

HARRIET OBE,
JOHN LLOYD,
Jan 13, 3t. Adm'rs of M. C. M'Cague, dec'd.

LOOK HERE!—FINE FARM FOR SALE CHEAP.—The subscriber offers for sale, on reasonable terms, his FARM in Cambria township, three miles north of Ebensburg, and containing 76 ACRES AND 50 PERCHES, of which 50 Acres are under good cultivation and 20 Acres well timbered. There is an excellent Stone House, Frame Barn, Spring House in running order, Wagon and Carriage House, Wood Shed, and other necessary outbuildings. There are the improvements. There is an inexhaustible supply of water sufficient to run any machinery, as well as a good bearing Orchard of choice fruit. For further information apply on the premises or address through Ebensburg P. O.
Jan. 13 '70. ROBERT R. JONES.

AGENTS WANTED!—AGENTS WANTED, $75 to $200 per month, in every county, and female, to sell the celebrated and only genuine Common Sense Family Sewing Machine. Recently improved and perfected; it will hem, fell, stitch, tuck, bind, braid and embroider in a most superior manner. Price only $15. Fully warranted for five years. Beware of cheap and worthless machines, and from any parties selling machines under the same name as ours, unless having a written certificate of Agency signed by us, as they are base counterfeits. Cast Iron Machines

For Circulars and Terms, apply to
H. CRAWFORD & CO.,
oct.21. 413 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia.

CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.—All persons are hereby cautioned not to purchase Bonds Nos. 14 and 15, issued in favor of VALENTINE W. KNISE and JAMES BYRNE, for THREE HUNDRED DOLLARS ($300) each, and signed by PETER TREXLER, President of the Board of School Directors of Clearfield Township. The said bonds were issued through misrepresentation, and will not be redeemed. By order of the Board.

PETER TREXLER, President.
Attest—LUKE BERE, Secretary.
St. Augustine, Jan. 4, 1870. [Jan 13

NOTICE TO OWNERS OF LAND.—Having procured a perfect list of warrantee names, dates of warrants, and the payment of the purchase money, and the names of the persons paying the same, with a complete Map showing the location of each tract of land in Cambria county, I am prepared to procure Patents from the Land Office for the owners of Unpatented Lands, under the Act of Assembly of the 29th of May, 1864, and the supplement thereto, as required by the recent order of the Surveyor General.
Dec 2, 1869.3m. GEO. M. READE.

ESTATE OF JACOB YOST, Dec'd.—Letters of Administration on the estate of

Cambria Freeman.

THURSDAY, : : : JAN. 20, 1870.

EXACT TABLE: THE FREEMAN *has at least* TWO HUNDRED *more subscribers than any other paper published in Cambria county.*

EXACT CONTENT: THE FREEMAN *contains at least* SIX COLUMNS *more reading matter than any other paper published in Cambria county.*

LOCAL AND PERSONAL.

LOCAL PRUNINGS AND PENCILINGS — Our Harrisburg letter did not reach us in time for our paper had been put to press.—Better luck next time.

Wm. McColgan, Esq., offers a farm for sale in our advertising department this week. It is a good farm and will be sold on fair terms. Send for a circular of the Hollidaysburg Seminary. It contains a beautiful plate of the building, and gives the course of study, &c.

Kuhner and Von Bodenburg, the murderers of the Pelghtal family, were convicted at Huntingdon, on Tuesday, of murder in the first degree.

James M. Swank, Esq., has accepted the position of clerk to the House Committee on Manufactures, at Washington, of which Hon. John Covode is chairman.

"Short Fur," in the absence of local news, sends us a lengthy and of course a well written essay istical communication, but want of space has prevented its appearance this week.

If your flour barrel is empty or your stock of goods running low, do dot forget that E. Shoemaker is at all times prepared to supply your deficiency with the best in the market at prices which cannot be undersold.

Howard Crewitt was tried last week at Huntingdon for killing Miles Hampson, on Dec. 25th, and the jury, after an absence of one hour and a half, returned a verdict of "not guilty." The decision was received with great applause.

We don't know when we issued a paper so void of local interest as the present one. Nobody seems to be doing nothing to-day, and the result is that we have little or no news to tell all the other bodies who look to us for local news. Better luck next time. It is a matter of no particular interest to the person, but we felt sure that the *Altoona* was in error when it said that it was fifteen years ago since McConaughy was killed. It was twenty-nine years ago, as we learn from the Huntingdon *Journal*, and our own recollection confirms the informa-

The little child of Mr John Bloch, one of the poor directors of this county, and who lives in Conemaugh borough, was run over by a team of horses attached to a wagon, one day last week, and very seriously, but not fatally injured. The driver of the team was looking in another direction at the time of the accident.

An examination of the beautiful specimens of photographs taken by Mr. Evans, of the Novelty Photograph Gallery, and which may be seen at the post-office, at his rooms, or elsewhere, do not convince people that he is a master of his art, then we know of no proof that would be sufficient. More perfect likenesses of the "human face divine" we have never looked upon, and as a proof of workman Mr. Evans deserves encouragement.

How successfully has been the previous efforts of the Mountaineer Base Ball Club to please our citizens, that they have determined upon a more extensive venture, and this time announce that an Amateur Dramatic Company has been secured to give an entertainment on Friday night, February 4th. Such an exhibition has probably never been witnessed in this place, and it promises to be the biggest thing as well as the most entertaining that has ever been inaugurated in our midst. Further particulars hereafter.

We are forced to give our local merchants notice by this week, but we hope that none of our readers who need goods of any kind will follow our example. Messrs. V. S. Barker, Geo. Huntley, H. A. Shoemaker & Co., A. G Fry and R. R. Davis, are all enterprising and liberal dealers, and from either of them a bill of goods in their respective lines can be bought as cheap as from any other merchants in the county. They all desire, too, to close out their winter stock, and hence are offering goods at greatly reduced prices. Now is the time to buy and they the men to buy from.

How over a community acted upon the "penny-wise and pound foolish" policy, our own borough is in neglecting to purchase a fire engine, or what would probably be better still, a hook and ladder apparatus. With the wealth of the buildings in our town composed of material of the most inflammable character, and with a certainty that a conflagration once under way in the business part, with the wind blowing as it knows how to blow in this locality, would almost sweep Ebensburg out of existence, it is difficult to account for the supineness which pervades all classes of our citizens in regard to this important subject. We will be much more fortunate than we deserve if a fearful scourge does not "come o'er the spirit of our dream" some day.

ATTEMPTED ESCAPE OF THE PEIGHTAL MURDERERS.—A correspondent of the Harrisburg *Patriot*, writing from Huntingdon under date of January 17th, says: It was discovered on Saturday last that Bobner and Boedenburg, the murderers of the Peightal family, were making preparations to escape. An old German, who was subpœnaed from Altoona as a witness, went to Barton & McGuire's hardware store and purchased for a saw and file to cut iron with — which aroused the suspicions of the proprietors and they sent information of the fact to the sheriff. The prisoners were immediately searched, and on the person of each was found a knife of about ten inches in length, sharp at the point and on both edges, with a guard at the handle like a dagger. All the provisions that had been given them for several days past were found carefully packed away in a haversack, to be used on the journey they expected to take. They had written a communication covering about four pages of note paper, which they evidently intended to leave behind them, stating that it was better for one man to die than for two to be hanged, and that they intended killing the guard that night (Saturday) and escaping. They threatened vengeance on Judge Taylor, the district attorney, the sheriff, and others. The jury in this case having been called and sworn on Friday last, the trial proceeded. R. M. Lyon, who, with R. B. Petrikin, assists the district attorney; Milton L. Lytle; opened for the Commonwealth. More than thirty witnesses were examined to day, tracing the murderers, step by step, from Altoona to the scene of the murder and back to Altoona with their plunder. The trial will close to-morrow or Wednesday, the length of time required to finish the trial depending on the number of witnesses there may be for the defendants. They sent a subpœna to Altoona to-day but it is not known except by their council and themselves what they intend to prove.

C.

Local Correspondence.

JOHNSTOWN, Jan. 17, 1870.

Dear Freeman—We are just trying to write after eating a mince pie, and its a shockingly dead business. We can distinctly see M'Conaughy's head, the hideous eyeballs gloating over the paper on which we write. Talk about intemperance! Brandy, gin, ale, brown stout, old rye—nobody is as intemperate as the man who eats mince pie. Ugh!

We fairly frightened the weather last week by our remarks th reupon. It has tamed down wonderfully, and seems quite *plausable* just now. January is *jilting* us, but never mind. Something 'll happen yet

Further reports from the Ladies' Catholic Fair show that Eve Furlong got the golden clock, Sela McDermitt the eight-day clock, Patrick Hill the centre table, James Griffin the silver flower vase, Leonard Kest the Paisley shawl, Jonathan Lewis the gent's saddle, Father Gregory the Brussels rug, R. H. Myers the chromo pictures, and that the proceeds are about $3,700.

Our colored population will take possession of the *Union* on the evening of the 19th, and will perform the play of "Dandy Jim," with "Oh, Sam Johnsing, if you please, tell dis nigga whar yer got yer cheese!" as an interlude, and "Possum up the gum stump" as an afterpiece. They are going to have a *bawl*. The best dressed "gal" is to get a golden bowl and the best dancer a silver cup. Let 'em rip!

The German Lutheran church, which was recently dedicated, was frequently noticed by us during last summer; but we were never in the interior of the building until last Saturday. The finish inside is superb. The pews are soft wood, painted and grained to imitate the natural color of walnut, ash, etc., by our artistic townsman, Mr. J. G. Keller. The walls around are lined about four feet upward from the floor with yellow ash. The organ just fills up the recess designed for it, and the church has two *choirs* —one composed of adults and the other of youth. The former sit to the left and the latter to the right of the organist. We like the finish and arrangement both.

There was an interesting case (fortune telling) tried in our District Court week before last. About a score of witnesses were called to give their experience in going thro' the process, and D. McLaughlin, Esq., for the prosecution and Gen Potts for the defence didn't spare the *phelinks* of these witnesses a bit. The cream of the joke was that the majority of the witnesses "kinder thought the fortune-teller was telling the truth." One lady said she described her *beau* precisely; another said she had predicted she would be *encienti in futuro* by her lover, which she didn't seem to doubt a whit; another said she was reminded by said soothsayer that she had done sundry little things of which the world was nothing the wiser. The lady who consulted the *coffee grounds* did one good thing, which would please Anna Dickenson herself—she only charged ladies half price.

Three lectures were delivered here during the past and previous week—one by Rev. E. P. Row, subject, "Union Scouts;" one by Anna Dickenson, subject, "Nothing Unreasonable;" and one by Bishop Weaver, of the U. B. Church, subject, "The Rocky Mountains." Several persons were converted.

Religious meetings are now being held at the M. E. church, U. B. church and English Lutheran church. Meetings are also held every evening in the hall of the Young Men's Christian Association.

Cinder street is looking up. This is the name of the street that traverses the most populous portion of upper Millville borough. There are no less than four hotels now open on this street for the accommodation of the public. The Continental Hotel has just been opened by Mr. Bradley. It is a fine new house, with the best of *bedding, boarding* and *bibbing*. The sign was painted by J. G. Keller, and we must say that we never saw the *beat* of the word "Hotel" on the glass of the front window. When you come down, call with the landlord and look at the *signs of the times*.

There were just 222 persons interred in Sandy Vale Cemetery during the year 1869 Of these 88 were under one year old. The whole number interred since the cemetery was laid out, in 1853, is close on two thousand, or an average of about one hundred and twenty per year.

Cambria City and Cooperdale both want post-offices—that is, each place wants one. Well, let them have them. "Uncle Sam is rich enough to give us all a farm"—and a post-office too. Albeit, we do say that our present post-master does his duty nobly, and the *pressure* is not because of *laches* in him, but because the place is growing like a pumpkin—all around.

There are thirteen different benevolent associations in our town now—two Masonic, three Odd Fellows, one each of Knights of Pythias, Red Men, Grand Army of the Republic, American Mechanics, Temple of Honor, Social Temple, St. John's Society and St Joseph's Society. There may be others.

The Assistance Fire Company met on the 7th and elected officers for the ensuing year: President, Powell Stackhouse; Vice Pres't, James Quinn; Secretary, Robert R. Frazer; besides several others. The stockholders of the First National Bank met on the 11th and re-elected all the old officers.

On last Thursday morning the mail agent of the 9 43 train west threw the mail bags out on the track, and an eastern bound train *demoralized* Uncle Sam's bread wagon *orfully*, tearing the letters and cutting bag and baggage into shreds. A locomotive with steam up is no respecter of persons—*mail* or otherwise.

We almost forgot to mention a new enterprise, in the shape of a business chart, got up by our friend Nelse R. Taylor, painter, and to be put up in the post-office. Almost every day this enterprising genius breaks out in a new place, and creates a *furore* among the painters and people. Mr. T. has been here only about a year, yet he has painted more signs than all the folks about town. Besides sign painting, he carries on house and ornamental painting, employing from three to seven men regularly. He deserves great credit for bringing the city out, in this last and best card, and for supporting the printer. But to the chart itself: Mr. Taylor has rented the entrance room of the post-office, in which he has put up a chart seven feet high and eighteen feet long, painted on canvas and attached to a frame. The different cards on this range in size from 12x18 to 24x36 inches, painted in tasteful colors, beautifully arranged and of *original* design. Prominent among these cards are those of Frank W. Hay, the prince of stove dealers, Akers & Baumer with their prize show beef, Baumer & Co., grocers, Geis & Reuth, book binders, Woodruff & Co. and G. T. Swank, printers, N. F. Carroll, dry goods and notions, James J. Murphy and Leopold & Brother, clothiers, Riffel's livery stable, etc. Wesley Green, photographic artist, has a prominent place. Besides these, there are some features of a public character, such as the arrival and departure of the mails, and the day and hour that the different benevolent associations meet. Not the least interesting feature of this Chart is Mr. Taylor's own card, in which his monogram, "R. N. T.," is magically linked, looped and interwoven together in such a manner as to defy its equal anywhere. Mr. Taylor has gone further. He has leased the very walls of the post-office, the most public place in town, for the purpose of exhibiting such framed cards and advertisements as will make the place attractive. Those who need painting done should and will judge correctly of the enterprising character of our townsman, and patronize him accordingly.

We do not write this notice so much as a puff to Mr. Taylor, as because it is the great exciting topic of conversation and admiration here, and as such cannot fail to make interesting *local* news. We have seen many enterprises in our day, but really we never *did* see one done with a *brush* and *pencil* that created such a sensation.

Mr. Taylor talks seriously of *counterfeiting* your signature on one corner, thus, "H. A. McPike," &c., &c.

Yours, RUB ROY.

ST. AUGUSTINE, Jan. 15, 1870.

Dear Freeman—The Fair for the benefit of the church in this place is still in full blast at Chest Springs, and is doing a good business. I will not enter into a detailed account of this enterprise now, but will give full particulars in my next. Suffice it to say that the St. Augustinians vote heavy on the "stole," and don't intend to let that valuable article go if greenbacks will save it. The candidates for the fine spurs, to be awarded to the best horseman, are Dr. J. J. Krise, Dr. Wm. McNeil, Messrs. Silas Douglass, Michael Cooper, J. J Burns, David Libby, Pat. Burns and David Tuxler. The contest between these several gentlemen is quite spirited, the respective friends of each doing their level best. There is also a splendid carving knife and fork being voted for as a prize to the most popular "hotelist" in the county. The candidates thus far in the ring are Mrs. C. McGough, Silas McGough, Felix Beck, Peter McKenzie, John B. Myers, P. Bengle, Jerome Platt, Isaac Crawford, Dominic Eager and Lawrence Schroth, but there is still room for all others who have the friends and the funds to back them.

Among the lucky recipients of prizes thus far I note the names of the following: Mrs. H. Scanlan, Carrolltown, a handsome dress for a small girl; Miss Mollie Christy, Loretto, a writing desk; Mrs. Wm. McGough, a set of silver forks; Ella Dunegan, a beautiful album; Thomas W. Adams, a copy of Cobbett's History of the Reformation; besides a number of other persons who drew prizes of less value.

I will report at the close of the Fair the drawing of all the more valuable prizes yet remaining. In the meantime I must say that our Fair thus far has proven a complete success, and I have yet to learn that any visitor has came away from it displeased or dissatisfied. The managers of the Fair, both ladies and gentlemen, deserve much praise for the zeal they have manifested on behalf of the good cause they are laboring so earnestly to promote.

I had almost forgotten to say that the greatest and most constant jam is in the vicinity of the post-office connected with the Fair. I am at a loss to determine whether the great rush in that direction is occasioned by the interesting contents of the letters so freely furnished, or by the beauty and grace of the fair maiden who presides with such dignity over this popular department of the Fair, but rather incline to the opinion that the latter is the winning card.

Pax cobiscum. ZIG ZAG.

OUR ALTOONA LETTER is too lengthy or our space too limited to admit of its publication in full, and hence we give only the most important portion:

ALTOONA CITY JOB. 17, 1870.

FRIEND MAC— * * * * Candidates for the office of State Senator in this district are beginning to loom up The Democracy of this city, so far as I have been able to judge, seem to favor the nomination of that gallant and intrepid Democrat, Major R. Bruce Petriken, of Huntingdon. He is a gentleman of unimpeachable integrity and high social standing, and as a lawyer has no superior in the State. He has been a Democrat at all times and under all circumstances, and the Democracy of the district would do honor to themselves and their principles by sending such a brave and true man to the Senate. In him would be found a bitter enemy of corruption and speculation.

The enterprising ladies of St. John's (Catholic) church are making an earnest effort to open a Bazaar on the 10th of February, the proceeds from which are to be expended in furnishing their large and elegant Convent building, the opening of which for school purposes is intended at an early day.

Our mutual friend Geo. Houck has taken unto himself a "rib" in the person of Miss Jennie Glasgow and I know you will join with me in wishing them a long, happy, and prosperous experience in double harness.

"The Altoona Sun" donned a new and appropriate head last week, and now looks neater than ever. In the hands of its energetic proprietors it cannot fail to shine forth with the brightest effulgence, and if present efforts are successful, and they seem propitious, it will soon shed a daily light upon our citizens. In that event W. H Schwartz, Esq., late of the Beaver Local, will probably be re called to assume the duties of local editor, for which he is so well fitted. Yours, &c, T. I. M

MOONLIGHT —Last Saturday night the moon, rising in clear, unclouded majesty, apparent queen of heaven, unveiled her peerless light and o'er the earth her silver mantle threw, which enabled the ladies of Johnstown to carry away a great lot of goods from the dry goods store of John J. Murphy & Co., who are constantly selling goods and doing it at such prices as induces every person who has bought from them once to buy from them ever after.

CALIFORNIA.—The farmers in California mean business, having already commenced plowing for spring crops. Leopold & Brother mean business too, and have laid in a tremendous stock of made up clothing, which will be sold very cheap at No 243 Main street, Johnstown. They keep samples also of the best and latest styles of goods, and can furnish customers with suits made to order on short notice.

IT WON'T SNOW till everybody goes and buys an overcoat at the popular cheap clothing establishment of James J. Murphy, No. 109 Clinton street, Johnstown. Mr. Murphy has made that arrangement; so if you want good sleighing get ready for it by rigging yourself out in a good suit of the cheapest and best made up clothing ever brought to Johnstown. Call and Mr. Murphy will show you round.

A RAINBOW at night is the sailor's delight, and the rainbow hues in N. F. Carroll's new and stylish dry goods store, at the Houston House, Johnstown, is the delight of the ladies, who call by scores and purchase his fashionable dry goods. There is nothing in the way of dry goods, dress goods, or house-furnishing goods that Mr. Carroll cannot supply at all times and at the lowest rates.

FORTUNE TELLING does not pay in Johnstown, but it does pay to go to the great New York Dry Goods Store of Leopold Mayer, No. 212 Opera House, Johnstown, and purchase some of the superb goods that he is now selling at cost and carriage, in order to make room for his forthcoming spring and summer goods. Five thousand dollars worth will be sold at first cost. Call soon.

JONATHAN CONRAD, formerly of Altoona, is putting up a planing mill at Newry, and expects to have it in operation by the first of April. The ancient village is looking up.

Literary Notices.

BALLOU'S MONTHLY is without exception the most entertaining magazine now published, and furnishes more choice and instructive reading matter for less money than can be found in any like publication in this country. How the publishers, Messrs. Elliott, Thomes & Talbot, Boston, can afford to give such a work for $1.50 per year is a mystery to us; but they do it, and you, reader, should get the benefit of their great liberality.

THE CATHOLIC WORLD —The February number of this great monthly magazine has already reached us, and its contents are more interesting, instructive and varied, if possible, than those of any number that has preceded it. Five dollars could not be devoted to a better purpose than in subscribing for this able and handsome monthly magazine of general literature and science, and the Catholic family particularly who dispenses with its visits deprives itself of an abundant source of instruction and literary entertainment. Catholic Publication Society, New York.

PUBLIC LEDGER ALMANAC.—To the enterprising and philanthropic proprietor of the Philadelphia *Ledger* our thanks are due for a copy of the "Public Ledger Almanac for 1870"—a pamphlet of intrinsic value and a specimen of the printer's handiwork which it would be difficult to excel. This is the first Almanac ever issued under the auspices of that popular journal, and 80,000 copies have not only been issued for free circulation among all its patrons, but it is Mr. Childs' intention to continue its publication each year hereafter, so long as he is connected with the *Ledger*.

THE AMERICAN STOCK JOURNAL —The January number of this valuable Agricultural monthly presents the following rich table of contents: New Year's Greeting, Cooked Food for Stock, Poultry Hints for January, The Separation of Butter from Milk, Foot-Riot in Calves, Chester White Hogs, Gray Dorking Fowls, Sheep Matters, Care of Sows During Parturition, Feeding Cattle, Acute Rheumatism, or Founder in Horses, On Feeling Horses, Improved Farm Stock, The Chinese Hog, Weaning Calves, Buff Cochin Fowls, Reep Sheep, Inversion of the Womb in Cows, Application of Manure to the Surface, Treatment of Milch Cows, Work for January, Lay Your Plans for the Year, Breeding and Rearing Cattle, Sheep Raising, On Breeding Farm Animals, Be Careful of Stock in Winter, Waste of food in Winter, Inquiries and Answers, Book Notices, Catalogues, &c. As this Journal is published at the low price of $1.00 a year, with splendid Premiums to subscribers and agents, we hope all our farmer friends will send for a specimen copy which will be sent *free* by sending a stamp to pay postage. Address N. P. BOYER & CO., Publishers, Parkesburg, Pa.

DIDN'T KNOW.—The man who didn't know what he wanted went to L. Cohen & Brother's New York Clothing Hall, at No. 214 Opera House, and found out that he needed a suit of new made-up garments. He bought them right away, and sported out a gentleman in black. Kind reader, if you don't know what to do, just follow that man's example.

TO THE WORKING CLASS.—We are now prepared to furnish all classes with steady employment at home, the whole of the time or for spare moments. Business new, light and profitable. Persons of either sex easily earn from 50c. to $5 per evening. Boys and girls earn nearly as much as men. That all who see this notice may send their address, and test the business we make this unparalled offer; To such as are not well satisfied, we will send $1 to pay for the trouble of writing. Full particulars, a valuable sample, which will do to commence work on, and a copy of THE PEOPLE'S LITERARY COMPANION—one of the largest and best family newspapers published—all sent free by mail. Reader, if you want permanent, profitable work, address E. C. ALLEN & CO., Augusta, Maine.

TOCONSUMPTIVES.

THE ADVERTISER, having been restored to health in a few weeks by a very simple remedy, after having suffered several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease, Consumption, is anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a SURE CURE FOR CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, &c. The object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable; and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing and may prove a blessing.

Parties wishing the prescription will please address Rev. EDWARD A. WILSON
my20.-1y. Williamsburg, Kings Co., N Y.

MARRIED.

SCHETTIG—WASSER.—In Carrolltown, on Tuesday, Jan. 11th, by Rev. Father Benno, Mr. Francis Schettig and Miss Lucinda Wasser, both of Carroll township.

DIED,

GIBSON.—At the residence of her son-in-law, Mr. Thos. B. Moore, in Pittsburgh, Mrs. Elizabeth Gibson, relict of Mathew Gibson, Esq., formerly of Philadelphia, aged 81 years and 6 months.

Mrs. Gibson was a former resident of Ebensburg, where one of her children, Mrs Joseph McDonald, still resides, and previous to her death expressed a desire to be buried here. In accordance with that wish, her remains have been brought to this place and will be interred in the Catholic cemetery at 10 o'clock to-day. Full of years and greatly esteemed, she has been called to her final account, and bereaved relatives and sorrowing friends join in fervent prayer for her spiritual welfare. May she rest in peace.

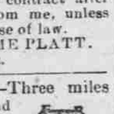
ECKENRODE.—Suddenly, in Allegheny township, on Wednesday, 12th inst., Mr. Peter Eckenrode, aged 72 years.

TAKE NOTICE!—All persons are hereby cautioned against trusting my son, Alexis A. Platt, on my account, as I am determined to pay no debts he may contract after this date without an order from me, unless compelled to do so by due course of law.

JEROME PLATT.

Ebensburg, Jan. 20, 1870.-3t.

FARM FOR SALE!—Three miles from Wilmore, on the road leading to Munster, a FARM OF 160 ACRES, with DWELLING HOUSE and BARN; 80 ACRES being cleared, fenced and in good cultivation; the remainder well timbered.—The purchaser will be given immediate possession. For terms inquire of



B. McCOLGAN.

Wilmore, Jan. 20, 1869. tf.

NOTICE!—TO THE CREDITORS OF THE HUNTINGDON, CAMBRIA AND INDIANA TURNPIKE COMPANY.—I have been authorized by the Court of Huntingdon county to pay said creditors ONE PER CENT. on their claims, as adjusted in 1841. Persons having certificates of indebtedness will be paid said amount on presentation of such certificates.

JOHN LLOYD, Sequestrator.

Ebensburg, Jan. 20, 1870. 3t.

☞Hollidaysburg Standard and Huntingdon Globe copy and send bill to Sequetrator.

Great Crash

—IN—

DRY GOODS, NOTIONS,

Clothing, Groceries, &c.

EVERYTHING DOWN!

HIGH PRICES

OVER FOR THE SEASON!

GRAND CLOSING OUT SALE

OF V. S. BARKER'S IMMENSE

STOCK of GOODS.

Owing to the fact that money is pretty *scarce*, and people do not want to invest unless they can get their money's worth, V. S. BARKER has determined to offer his entire stock of Goods at

GREATLY REDUCED PRICES

FOR CASH.

As it is my desire to dispose of every article contained in my large and varied assortment of Goods before APRIL 1ST, 1870,

UNPRECEDENTED BARGAINS

WILL BE OFFERED IN

Clothing, Hats, Caps, Boots,

DRY GOODS,

And Miscellaneous Articles

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION!

The stock is new and contains no damaged or Auction goods, but every article is warranted to be in good and perfect order, and

WILL BE OFFERED AT PRICES LOWER

THAN HAVE EVER PREVAILED IN THIS MARKET.

The Goods are marked down so that ONLY ONE PRICE will be asked FOR CASH, and sold for CASH ALONE.

So buy for CASH, and MONEY save,
And do not yield to sorrow;
I'll sell you CHEAP for CASH to day,
And I'll trust you all to-morrow.

And Now Look at This:

STILL BETTER OPPORTUNITIES

FOR SECURING BARGAINS.

ANY PERSON BUYING GOODS TO THE

AMOUNT OF FIVE DOLLARS AND UPWARDS,

Will have 5 PER CENT. Deducted from their Bill,

Which they can have either in Goods or Cash, as they may wish.

This is the greatest chance for bargains ever offer in this town, and persons wishing to buy Goods and SAVE MONEY will do well to examine our STOCK and PRICES before buying elsewhere.

Remember, the whole stock is to be

CLOSED OUT

Before the FIRST DAY of APRIL NEXT,

1870. WINTER. 1870.

I am now prepared to offer

SUPERIOR INDUCEMENTS

TO CASH PURCHASERS OF

TIN, SHEET-IRON & COPPER WARE.

EITHER AT

WHOLESALE OR RETAIL.

My stock consists in part of every variety of

Tin, Sheet-Iron,

COPPER AND BRASS WARES,

ENAMELLED AND PLAIN

SAUCE-PANS, BOILERS &c.,

COAL SHOVELS, MINE LAMPS, OIL CANS, HOUSEFURNISHING HARDWARE OF EVERY KIND.

Spear's Anti-Dust

HEATING AND COOKING STOVES, *EXCELSIOR COOKING STOVES*, NOBLE, TRIUMPH AND PARLOR COOKING STOVES.

And any Cooking Stove desired I will get when ordered at manufacturer's prices.—Odd Stove Plates and Grates, &c., for repairs, on hand for the Stoves I sell; others will be ordered when wanted. Particular attention given to

Spouting, Valleys and Conductors,

all of which will be made out of best materials and put up by competent workmen.

Lamp Burners, Wick and Chimneys

WHOLESALE OR RETAIL.

I would call particular attention to the Light House Burner, with Glass Cone, for giving more light than any other in use. Also, the Paragon Burner, for Crude Oil.

SUGAR KETTLES AND CAULDRONS

of all sizes constantly on hand.

Special attention given to

Jobbing in Tin, Copper and Sheet-Iron,

at lowest possible rates.

WHOLESALE MERCHANTS' LISTS now ready, and will be sent on application by mail or in person.

Hoping to see all my old customers and many new ones this Spring, I return my most sincere thanks for the very liberal patronage I have already received, and will endeavor to please all who may call, whether they buy or not.

FRANCIS W. HAY.

Johnstown, March 7, 1867.

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES!

TO CASH BUYERS!

AT THE EBENSBURG

HOUSE-FURNISHING STORE.

The undersigned respectfully informs the citizens of Ebensburg and the public generally that he has made a great reduction in prices to CASH BUYERS. My stock will consist, in part, of *Cooking, Parlor and Heating Stoves*, of the most popular kinds; *Tinware* of every description, of my own manufacture; *Hardware* of all kind, such as Locks, Screws, Butt Hinges, Table Hinges, Shutter Hinges, Bolts, Iron and Nails, Window Glass, Putty, Table Knives and Forks, Carving Knives and Forks, Meat Cutters, Apple Parers, Pen and Pocket Knives in great variety, Scissors, Shears, Razors and Strops Axes, Hatchets, Hammers, Boring Machines, Augers, Chissels, Planes, Compasses, Squares, Files, Rasps, Anvils, Vises, Wrenches, Rip, Panel and Cross-Cut Saws, Chains of all kinds, Shovels, Spades, Scythes and Snaths, Rakes, Forks, Sleigh Bells, Shoe Lasts, Pegs, Wax Bristles, Clothes Wringers, Grind Stones, Patent Molasses Gates and Measures, Lumber Sticks, Horse Nails, Horse Shoes, Cast Steel, Rifles, Shot Guns, Revolvers, Pistols, Cartridges, Powder, Caps, Lead, &c., Odd Stove Plates, Grates and Fire Bricks, Well and Cistern Pumps and Tubing; *Harness and Saddlery Ware* of all kind; *Wooden and Willow Ware* in great variety; Carbon Oil and Oil Lamps, Fish Oil, Lard Oil, Linseed Oil, Lubricating Oil, Rosin, Tar, Glassware, Paints, Varnishes, Turpentine, Alcohol, &c.

FAMILY GROCERIES,

such as Tea, Coffee, Sugars, Molasses, Syrups, Spices, Dried Peaches, Dried Apples, Fish, Hominy, Crackers, Rice and Pearl Barley; Soaps, Candles; TOBACCO and CIGARS; Paint, Whitewash, Scrub, Horse, Shoe, Dusting, Varnish, Stove, Clothes and Tooth Brushes, all kinds and sizes; Bed Cords and Manilla Ropes, and many other articles at the lowest rates for CASH.

☞*House Spouting* made, painted and put up at low rates for *cash*. A liberal discount made to country dealers buying Tinware wholesale. GEO. HUNTLEY

Ebensburg, Feb. 28, 1867.-tf.

GEORGE W. YEAGER,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

HEATING AND COOK TOVES

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,

TIN, COPPER AND SHEET-IRON WARE

OF HIS OWN MANUFACTURE,

And GENERAL JOBBER in SPOUTING

and all other work in his line.

Virginia Street, near Caroline Street,

ALTOONA, PA.

The only dealer in the city having the right to sell the renowned "BARLEY SHEAF" COOK STOVE, the most perfect complete and satisfactory Stove ever introduced to the public.

STOCK IMMENSE. - PRICES LOW.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

TIN, COPPER AND SHEET-IRON WARE.—Having purchased the tools and fixtures of Mr. T. W. Williams, and leased the building recently occupied by S. Singleton, Esq., on High street, opposite the store of Zahm & Son, the subscriber would respectfully inform the citizens of Ebensburg and parts adjacent that he is prepared to furnish all kind of TIN, COPPER and SHEET IRON WARE of his own manufacture, which he will not only guarantee perfect in make and material, but fully as moderate in price as like articles are sold by any manufacturer in the county. Special attention paid to making and putting up SPOUTING of all kinds. An examination of my work and prices is respectfully solicited, and I have no fear but what I can give entire satisfaction to all who favor me with their custom.

VALENTINE LUTTRINGER.

Ebensburg, Aug. 5, 1869. tf,

FRANK W. HAY,

WHOLESALE and RETAIL Manufacturer, of TIN, COPPER and SHEET-IRON WARE, *Canal street*, below Clinton, *Johnstown, Pa.* A large stock constantly on hand.

SINGULAR WARNING.—The Auburn (N. Y.) Advertiser says: Some weeks ago a prominent citizen of Auburn was in the city of Chicago transacting business connected with his manufactory in this place. One evening, after an active day's work, feeling somewhat fatigued, he retired to his room at the hotel a little earlier than usual, and made his customary arrangements for the night, but just as he had composed himself for sleep he experienced a singular sensation and heard a voice, apparently very near and as plainly and distinctly as though it issued from the throat of a human, pronounce the words, "Your mother died to day," and with the words came an assurance that the announcement was indeed too true to doubt it. He arose in the morning, after having passed a sleepless night, and made immediate preparation for the journey home. As he started for the depot he met a boy with a telegraph dispatch in his hand, and calling him to his side, he asked if the message was not for him—giving the name—and sure enough it was from his family, confirming the truth of the announcement of the unseen informant, that his mother had died the day previous at Auburn. He had received no intimation but that she was enjoying her usual health, nor had there been anything to excite in the slightest degree his apprehensions for her safety until the occurrence of the incident related.

STILL ANOTHER.

It is told of a miller out West, who was recently killed in his mill, that on the night before the accident he dreamed that he was drawn through some portion of the mill, and so met his fate as it has happened. Next morning he remarked that he had had "a horrible night." At the moment of the accident, his wife, who was away, thought she heard him call, saying: "Mattie, my poor wife, come to me." So plain did it seem to her that she went into the adjoining room to see if her sister did not hear the call.

TO HAVE EGGS IN WINTER.—A Kansas man says: I let my hens huddle together in a corner, and do not let them roost, and get plenty of eggs. I had about twenty hens, and my hen house was a rough shed about eight feet square, with a window and door on the east. I took down the roosting poles, leaving the nest boxes only. I made a small board shed, about four feet square, on the south side of the large one, and covered it with straw. I made a hole for the hens to pass from the large house into the small one. The result was, my hens continued to lay all through the winter.

You will have to drive them in a few times, but they will soon learn to go in themselves. Put in wood ashes occasionally to keep them free from vermin. There are a great many who are not able to build an extensive hennery, but any one can fix up a place like this in an hour or two with very little expense.

A CANINE MASSACRE.—In a certain Lancashire village there lived an ancient maiden lady, very rich and very eccentric, who, among other peculiarities, was remarkable for her affection for cats and her aversion towards dogs. After her death a report was circulated, apparently on good authority, that she had left a legacy of ten pounds to every householder who should thenceforth desist from keeping a dog; but as a proof of their *bona fides*, they were to bring the dead bodies of their favorites to the lady's bailiff on the morning of the opening of the will. Accordingly, over night a general massacre of Snaps, Carlos, Rovers and Floses took place. The unlucky owners discovered too late that the report was a hoax, got up for the purpose of diminishing the canine population of the village.

AN IDEA FOR CRIMINALS.—A curious idea is started by a correspondent of the English periodical, "Land and Water." He proposes that criminals be fed on horseflesh for meat. The advantages would, he thinks, be numerous. The flesh is good, wholesome and cheap. The criminals, as well as most others, would have a great aversion to eating it, however, and the restriction of their animal diet to this ment would, therefore, be a punishment and a mortification of the flesh without working any real injury to the culprit, while the prospect of having to live on horse flesh would be an excellent deterrent from crime, and the use of it would serve to utilize what is now wholly wasted.

TO STOP BLEEDING AT THE NOSE.—Put a piece of paper in your mouth, chew it rapidly, and it will stop your nose from bleeding. This remedy has been tried frequently, it is stated, and always with success.—Physicians say that placing a roll of paper or muslin above the front teeth, under the upper lip, and pressing hard on the same, will arrest bleeding at the nose by checking the passage of the blood through the arteries leading to the nose.

HOW TO PREVENT A COW FROM KICKING WHILE MILKING.—A correspondent of the Rural American says: Take a linen cloth, wet it in cold water, and just before you commence milking, lay it on her loins wet. Those who have tried it say that a cow will not kick so long as the cold, wet cloth remains on her back.

NEVER enter a sick room in a state of perspiration, as the moment you become cool the pores absorb. Do not approach contagious disease with an empty stomach, nor sit between the sick and the fire, because heat attracts the vapor. Preventatives are better than pill or powder.

A GARGLE made by dissolving a large table spoonful of common salt in a half tumbler of water, has been found an excellent remedy for the dry, hacking cough and other throat difficulties which prevail at this season of the year. As it is harmless, it would be well to give it a trial.

A. C. DIBERT,
WITH
BOKER & BROTHERS,
Manufacturers, and Wholesale Dealers in
CITY AND EASTERN MADE
BOOTS AND SHOES,
No. 432 MARKET STREET,
Below Fifth, South Side, - *PHILAD'A*

MOUNTAIN HOUSE, EBENSBURG.
R. P. LINTON & CO., Prop'rs.
The TABLE is always supplied with the choicest delicacies; the BAR is supplied with choice liquors, and the STABLE attended by careful hostlers. Transient visitors accommodated and boarders taken by the week, month or year, on reasonable terms. feb21

WHOLESALE
JANNEY & ANDREWS,
123 Market St. PHILADA.
GROCERS

GOOD, BETTER, BEST.—The best and cheapest Tobacco and Cigars in town are at M. L. Oatman's. Go and see.

NEW ARRIVAL
AT THE
EBENSBURG
STOVE, HARDWARE,
AND
GEN'L HOUSE-FURNISHING
DEPOT.
CONSISTING OF
THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF
SLEIGH BELLS
Ever brought to Ebensburg!
THE LARGEST LOT OF PAN TRIMS Ever brought to Ebensburg
THE LARGEST STOCK OF
BOYS' SKATES AND SLEDS
Ever brought to Ebensburg!
Also, a large stock of CHOPPING AXES, SLEIGH BASKETS, SOAPSTONE CAKE GRIDDLES, HORSE COLLARS, HORSE SHOES and HORSE SHOE NAILS,
Cook & Heating Stoves,
and a general assortment of all articles in my line of business.
ALL WILL BE SOLD LOW FOR CASH.
GEO. HUNTLEY.
Ebensburg, Dec. 2, 1869. 2m.

FIRE! FIRE!! FIRE!!!
DO YOU HEAR THAT, FIREMEN?
AND ARE YOU PREPARED TO
OBEY THE SUMMONS!
This you are not, unless you have been to
Wolff's Clothing Store,
and have bought one of those superb
FIREMAN'S COATS,
to keep you warm and dry. WOLFF makes them at from $18 to $26, and any other garment you want you can have made to order at short notice.
NO FIT, NO CHARGE!
Mr. WOLFF has just returned from the East, and his READY MADE
CLOTHING DEPARTMENT
now contains the largest assortment, the most varied assortment, and altogether the most pleasing assortment of
WINTER GARMENTS FOR MEN & BOYS
EVER DISPLAYED IN ALTOONA.
OVERCOATS, from the lowest-priced Cassimere to the finest Beaver—all sizes.
Full Suits of Clothing at from $9 to $30. Pants from $1.50 to $9. Vests from 75 cents to $5. Also, a general variety of
NOTIONS & FURNISHING GOODS,
Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes,
UMBRELLAS, SATCHELS, TRUNKS, &c
In the LADIES' DEPARTMENT will be found a full stock of FURS, from the lowest priced Coney to the finest Mink and Sable.
GODFREY WOLFF,
Next Door to the Post Office, Altoona City.

FARMERS, Look to Your Interests,
AND BUY ONE OF
SPROUT'S COMBINED
HAY FORK AND KNIFE,
THE BEST AND ONLY PERFECTLY COMBINED
Hay Fork and Knife Manufactured.
EVERY FORK WARRANTED.
As only a limited number can be supplied for this county, orders for this celebrated Hay Fork and Knife should be sent in early to
GEORGE HUNTLEY, EBENSBURG, PA.,
Sole Agent for Cambria County.
Who can also supply WOODEN PULLEYS, which are far superior to Iron Pulleys. Also, STEEL GRAPPLES for fastening Pulleys to Beams or Rafters—the most convenient fastenings yet introduced, as they can be put up or taken down without the use of ladders.
Ebensburg, Dec. 9, 1869. 6m.

REVERE THE MEMORY OF *FRIENDS DEPARTED!*
MONUMENTS, TOMBSTONES, &c.
The subscriber still continues to manufacture of the best material and in the most workmanlike manner, at the
Loretto Marble Works,
all kind of MONUMENTS AND TOMBSTONES, as well as TABLE and BUREAU TOPS, and all other work in his line. None but the best American and Italian Marble used, and perfect satisfaction guaranteed to all cases at prices as low as like work can be obtained in the cities or elsewhere. Call and see specimens and judge for yourselves as to the merits cheapness of my work.
JAMES WILKINSON.
Loretto, March 12, 1868.1y.

FARMERS AND OTHERS
SHOULD NOT FAIL TO GET
ONE OF THE JUSTLY CELEBRATED
Lima Double-Geared
WOOD-SAWING MACHINES,
FOR WHICH
GEORGE HUNTLEY,
EBENSBURG, PA.,
Is Sole Agent for Cambria County.

1870. A NEW THING, A BIG THING, 1870,
And a GOOD THING in EBENSBURG.
ROYALTY SUPERCEDED!
The "House of Tudor" Surrendered
TO THE SMALL FRY!
NEW STORE! NEW GOODS!
New Inducements!
{High Street!} {Low Prices!}
A. G. FRY
Has taken possession of the rooms on High Street, (three doors from Centre Street,) recently occupied by R. H. Tudor, into which he has just introduced
A mammoth assortment of
DRY & DRESS GOODS,
Groceries, Hardware, &c.,
consisting of everything and much more than any dealer in this "neck of timber" has ever pretended to keep, and every article of which will be
SOLD VERY CHEAP FOR CASH!
OR IN EXCHANGE FOR COUNTRY PRODUCE.
NO DEALER KEEPS BETTER GOODS!
NO DEALER KEEPS MORE GOODS!
NO DEALER SELLS CHEAPER!
NO DEALER SELLS MORE!
TRY FRY! TRY FRY!! TRY FRY!!!
Buy from Fry! Buy from Fry!!
TRY FRY IF YOU WANT TO BUY the finest Dress Goods at the fairest prices.
TRY FRY IF YOU WANT TO BUY Muslins, Checks, Ginghams, Tickings, Shirtings, Denims, Drills, Jeans, Cloths, Cassimeres, Satinetts, Delaines, Lawns, Prints, &c., &c., and wish to get the full worth of your money.
TRY FRY IF YOU WANT TO BUY Boots and Shoes for Men's, Ladies' and Children's wear, unexcelled in quality and nowhere undersold in prices.
TRY FRY IF YOU WANT TO BUY Hardware, Queensware, Glassware, Carpets, Oil Cloths, &c., of the handsomest styles at the lowest figures.
TRY FRY IF YOU WANT TO BUY Hams, Sides, Shoulders, Mess Pork, Fish, Salt, Lard, Butter, Eggs, Cheese, Coffee, Sugar, Teas, Soaps, Candles, Spices, or anything else in that line.
TRY FRY IF YOU WANT TO BUY anything and everything worth buying, and be sure that at all times you will be supplied at the LOWEST CASH RATES.
Oh my! my eye! it is no lie
That at the Dry Goods Store and Grocery
Just opened by A. G. Fry,
On the street called High,
More for your money you can buy
Than from any one else, far or nigh.
I design to keep a full line of DRESS GOODS of the most desirable styles and textures, and as I am determined to sell as CHEAP AS THE CHEAPEST, I respectfully solicit a call from all the ladies, and especially from those who have been in the habit of visiting other places to make their purchases. Whatever you want to buy, be sure first to try the store of A. G. FRY.
Ebensburg, May 27, 1869.

M. L. OATMAN,
DEALER IN
CHOICE FAMILY GROCERIES
CONSISTING OF
Double Extra Family Flour,
GRAIN, FEED,
BACON, SALT, FISH,
FRESH VEGETABLES,
ALL KINDS OF FRUITS,
SUGARS, TEAS, COFFEES,
SYRUPS, MOLASSES, CHEESE, &c.
Also, a large stock of the
Best Brands of Cigars and Tobacco,
STORE ON HIGH STREET,
Four Doors East of Crawford's Hotel,
Ebensburg, Pa.

EBENSBURG
DRUG AND BOOK STORE.
HAVING recently enlarged our stock we are now prepared to sell at a great reduction from former prices. Our stock consists of Drugs, Medicines, Perfumery, Fancy Soaps, Leon's, Hall's and Allen's Hair Restoratives, Pills, Ointments, Plasters, Liniments, Pain Killers, Citrate Magnesia, Ess. Jamaica Ginger, Pure Flavoring Extracts, Essences, Lemon Syrup, Soothing Syrup, Spiced Syrup, Rhubarb, Pure Spices, &c.;
CIGARS AND TOBACCOS.
Blank Books, Deeds, Notes and Bonds; Cap, Post, Commercial and all kinds of Note Paper; Envelopes, Pens, Pencils, Arnold's Writing Fluid, Black and Red Ink, Pocket and Pass Books, Magazines, Newspapers, Novels, Histories, Bibles, Religious, Prayer and Toy Books, Penknives, Pipes, &c.
We have added to our stock a lot of FINE JEWELRY, to which we would invite the attention of the Ladies.
PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS at lower prices than ever offered in this place.
Paper and Cigars sold either wholesale or retail. LEMMON & MURRAY.
July 30, 1868. Main Street, Ebensburg.

LAWSON & BAKER,
FRANKLIN STREET,
In the Old POST OFFICE BUILDING,
Johnstown, Pa,
WHOLESALE GROCERS
AND DEALERS IN
WESTERN PRODUCE!
LAWSON & BAKER keep constantly on hand a large supply SUGARS, SYRUPS, MOLASSES, TEAS, COFFEES, FLOUR, BACON, POTATOES, DRIED and GREEN FRUITS, TOBACCO, CIGARS, &c., &c.
Orders solicited from retail dealers, and satisfaction in goods and prices guaranteed.
Johnstown, April 28, 1869.

Ayer's
Hair Vigor,
For restoring Gray Hair to its natural Vitality and Color.

A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. *Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color with the gloss and freshness of youth.* Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a
HAIR DRESSING,
nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.
Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,
PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS,
LOWELL, MASS.
PRICE $1.00.
For sale by R. J. LLOYD, Agent, Ebensburg.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,
For all the purposes of a Laxative Medicine.

Perhaps no one medicine is so universally required by everybody as a cathartic, nor was ever any before so universally adopted into use, in every country and among all classes, as this mild but efficient purgative *Pill*. The obvious reason is, that it is a more reliable and far more effectual remedy than any other. Those who have tried it, know that it cured them; those who have not, know that it cures their neighbors and friends, and all know that what it does once it does always—that it never fails through any fault or neglect of its composition. We have thousands upon thousands of certificates of their remarkable cures of the following complaints, but such cures are known in every neighborhood, and we need not publish them. Adapted to all ages and conditions in all climates; containing neither calomel or any deleterious drug, they may be taken with safety by anybody. Their sugar coating preserves them ever fresh and makes them pleasant to take, while being purely vegetable no harm can arise from their use in any quantity.
They operate by their powerful influence on the internal viscera to purify the blood and stimulate it into healthy action—remove the obstructions of the stomach, bowels, liver, and other organs of the body, restoring their irregular action to health, and by correcting, wherever they exist, such derangements as are the first origin of disease.
Minute directions are given in the wrapper on the box, for the following complaints, which these *Pills* rapidly cure:—
For **Dyspepsia** or **Indigestion**, **Listlessness**, **Languor** and **Loss of Appetite**, they should be taken moderately to stimulate the stomach and restore its healthy tone and action.
For **Liver Complaint** and its various symptoms, **Bilious Headache**, **Sick Headache**, **Jaundice** or **Green Sickness**, **Bilious Colic** and **Bilious Fevers**, they should be judiciously taken for each case, to correct the diseased action or remove the obstructions which cause it.
For **Dysentery** or **Diarrhœa**, but one mild dose is generally required.
For **Rheumatism**, **Gout**, **Gravel**, **Palpitation of the Heart**, **Pain in the Side**, **Back** and **Loins**, they should be continuously taken, as required, to change the diseased action of the system. With such change those complaints disappear.
For **Dropsy** and **Dropsical Swellings** they should be taken in large and frequent doses to produce the effect of a drastic purge.
For **Suppression** a large dose should be taken as it produces the desired effect by sympathy.
As a *Dinner Pill*, take one or two *Pills* to promote digestion and relieve the stomach.
An occasional dose stimulates the stomach and bowels into healthy action, restores the appetite, and invigorates the system. Hence it is often advantageous where no serious derangement exists. One who feels tolerably well, often finds that a dose of these *Pills* makes him feel decidedly better, from their cleansing and renovating effect on the digestive apparatus.
DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical Chemists, LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A.
REESE J. LLOYD, AGENT, EBENSBURG, PA.

CHAIR MANUFACTORY.
WM. P. PATTON,
JOHNSTOWN, PA.
ALL KINDS OF CHAIRS,
such as common Windsor Chairs, Fret Back Chairs, Vienna Chairs, Bustle Chairs, Rim Backed Chairs, Sociable Chairs,
Cane Seat Chairs,
ROCKING CHAIRS, OF EVERY SIZE
SPRING SEAT CHAIRS
Settees, Lounges, &c., &c.
CABINET FURNITURE
of every description and of latest
STYLES, WITH PRICES TO SUIT THE
Tastes of all.
Thankful for past favors, he respectfully solicits a liberal share of public patronage. Clinton Street, Johnstown Cambria Co. Pa. [Jan. 31, 1867.

ST. JAMES' HOTEL,
(Conducted on the European Plan.)
405 & 407 LIBERTY STREET, OPPOSITE THE UNION DEPOT, PITTSBURGH, PA.
JAMES K. LANAHAN, - - - Proprietor.
This House is newly built and splendidly furnished, and convenient to all the Railroads coming into the city. The Restaurant connected with this Hotel open at all hours of the day and night. [oct.17.-1y.

PITTSBURGH STAR,
No. 429 Liberty Street.
OPPOSITE UNION PASSENGER DEPOT,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
[je.11.-1y.] FELIX HENLY, Prop'r.

UNION HOUSE,
EBENSBURG, PA., JEROME A. PLOTT, Propietor, spares no pains to render this hotel worthy of a continuation of the liberal patronage it has heretofore received. His table will always be furnished with the best the market affords; his bar with the best of liquors.—His stable is large, and will be attended by an attentive and obliging hostler. Jan 30, 1868.-tf.

EBENSBURG FOUNDRY
AGAIN IN FULL GLEE!
NEW FIRM, NEW BUILDINGS, &c.
HAVING purchased the well known EBENSBURG FOUNDRY from Mr. Edw. Glass, and rebuilt and enlarged it almost entirely, besides refitting it with new machinery, the subscribers are now prepared to furnish
COOK, PARLOR & HEATING STOVES,
of the latest and most approved patterns THRESHING MACHINES, MILL GEARING, ROSE and WATER WHEELS of every description, IRON FENCING, PLOUGHS and PLOUGH CASTINGS, and in fact all manner of articles manufactured in a first class Foundry. Job Work of all kind attended to promptly and done cheaply.
The special attention of Farmers is invited to two newly patented PLOUGHS which we possess the sole right to manufacture and sell in this county, and which are admitted to be the best ever introduced to the public.
Believing ourselves capable of performing any work in our line in the most satisfactory manner, and knowing that we can do work at LOWER PRICES than have been charged in this community heretofore we confidently hope that we will be found worthy of liberal patronage.
Fair reductions made to wholesale dealers.
The highest prices paid in cash for old metal, or castings given in exchange.
OUR TERMS ARE STRICTLY CASH OR COUNTRY PRODUCE. CONVERY, VINROE & CO.
Ebensburg, Sept. 2, 1868.

WOOD, MORRELL & CO.,
WASHINGTON STREET,
Near Pa. R. R. Depot, Johnstown, Pa.,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS,
MILLINERY GOODS,
HARDWARE,
QUEENSWARE,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
HATS AND CAPS,
IRON AND NAILS
CARPETS AND OIL CLOTHS,
READY-MADE CLOTHING,
GLASS WARE, YELLOW WARE,
WOODEN AND WILLOW WARE,
PROVISIONS and FEED, ALL KINDS,
Together with all manner of Western Produce, such as FLOUR, BACON, FISH, SALT, CARBON OIL, &c., &c.
Wholesale and retail orders solicited and promptly filled on the shortest notice and most reasonable terms.
WOOD, MORRELL & CO.
Johnstown, April 28, 1869. 1y.

GEO. C. K. ZAHM, ... JAS. D. ZAHM.
ZAHM & SON,
DEALERS IN
DRY GOODS, GROCERIES,
HARDWARE, QUEENSWARE,
Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes,
AND ALL OTHER ARTICLES
Usually Kept in a Country Store.
WOOL AND COUNTRY PRODUCE
TAKEN IN EXCHANGE FOR GOODS!
STORE ON MAIN STREET,
Next Door to the Post Office,
June 10, 1868. EBENSBURG, PA.

LADIES' FANCY FURS!

JNO. FAREIRA,
718 Arch St.,
Middle of the Block, betw'n 7th and 8th Sts., south side,
Importer, Manufacturer and Dealer in all kinds and quality of FANCY FURS for Ladies' and Children's wear.
Having enlarged, remodeled and improved my old and favorably known FUR EMPORIUM, and having imported a very large and splendid assortment of all the different kinds of Furs from first hands, in Europe, and have had them made up by the most skillful workmen, I would respectfully invite my friends of Cambria and adjacent counties to call and examine my very large and beautiful assortment of Fancy Furs, for Ladies and Children. I am determined to sell at as low prices as any other respectable House in this city. All Furs Warranted. No misrepresentations to effect sales.
JOHN FAREIRA,
sep.30.-4m. 718 Arch Street, Philadelphia.

LOOK WELL TO YOUR UNDERSTANDINGS!
BOOTS AND SHOES
For Men's and Boys' Wear.
The undersigned respectfully informs his numerous customers and the public generally that he is prepared to manufacture BOOTS and SHOES of any desired size or quality, from the finest French calfskin boots to the coarsest brogan, in the VERY BEST MANNER, on the shortest notice, and at as moderate prices as like work can be obtained anywhere.
Those who have worn Boots and Shoes made at my establishment need no assurance as to the superior quality of my work. Others can easily be convinced of the fact if they will only give me a trial. Try and be convinced.
Repairing of Boots and Shoes attended to promptly and in a workmanlike manner.
Thankful for past favors I feel confident that my work and prices will commend me to a continuance and increase of the same.
JOHN D. THOMAS.
Ebensburg, April 28, 1869.

JOHN GAY. . . . . M.M. WELSH.
GAY & WELSH,
Successors to Gay & Painter,
WHOLESALE
Grocers and Commission Merchants
AND DEALERS IN
FLOUR, PRODUCE, FISH, SALT, CARBON OILS, &c., &c.,
362 LIBERTY STREET, - PITTSBURGH

LLOYD & CO., Bankers,
EBENSBURG, PA.
Gold, Silver, Government Loans, and other Securities, bought and sold. Interest allowed on Time Deposits. Collections made in all accessible points in the United States, and a general Banking business transacted.

W. M. LLOYD & CO.,
BANKERS, ALTOONA, PA.
Drafts on the principal cities and Silver and Gold for sale. Collections made—Moneys received on deposit, payable on demand, without interest, or upon time, with interest at fair rates. an31.

DENTISTRY?
DR. JOHN FRY,
Assisted by his Daughter,
Having permanently located in Johnstown, is prepared to answer all professional calls, and insert ARTIFICIAL TEETH on genuine Rubber (Vulcanite) Base, or, if preferred, he will insert them on Gold (20 carats fine), or Silver (chemically pure)—both of his own preparing, on Platina, Aluminum, Palladium, Coralite and Adamantine. Also, the Porcelain teeth.
Extracting, Filling and Cleaning of Teeth carefully performed, avoiding all unnecessary pain.
He would also call attention to his new mode filling teeth with CRYSTAL GOLD, which is the best preparation ever introduced for filling teeth. He can restore a TOOTH TO ITS NATURAL SHAPE with this gold, and make the filling as solid as a piece of gold coin. Go and have your teeth examined every six months at least, and if there is any decay about them have them filled with Crystal Gold and you will never need artificial teeth. Artificial teeth are a good substitute, but they do not compare with the natural teeth when in a healthy state.
All work done in such manner as not to be excelled in Style, Beauty, Comfort, Lightness, Durability, and warranted to give satisfaction and be harmless to the mouth.
Samples of his work may be examined by all who desire to see them. The following speaks for itself:
TESTIMONIALS.
We, the undersigned, citizens of Latrobe and Ligonier, Westmoreland county, Pa., cheerfully submit the following as expressive of our estimate of Dr. Fry's abilities as a Dentist:
We regard Dr. Fry as naturally adapted to the profession of his choice. His mechanical ingenuity has furnished to his art many invaluable modifications and improvements, and we deem it due to him and the public at large to say that, from a long and intimate acquaintance, we can confidently recommend him to all who may feel interested, as an able, faithful and experienced workman.
LATROBE—Eli Ferguson, M. D., John McGee, M. D., Rev. Jerome Koerner, J. L. Chamber, W. S. Head, Joseph A. Head, Mich'l Bonsor, David Williams.
LIGONIER—L. T. Beam, M. D., Wm. A. Icons, Jacob Kicher, N. M. Marker, Esq., Jacob Bruckner, P. M., Joseph Scroggy, D. D.
LAUGHLINSTOWN—Robert Gonther, Esq., A. G. Armor, P. M.
FAYETTE—Dr. James Taylor. [my 6.-1y.]

DENTISTRY.—The undersigned, a graduate of the Baltimore College of Dental Surgery, respectfully offers his PROFESSIONAL services to the citizens of Ebensburg and vicinity, which place he will visit on the FOURTH MONDAY of each month, to remain one week.
Aug 13. SAML. BELFORD, D. D. S.

DR. H. B. MILLER,
Altoona, Pa.,
Operative and Mechanical DENTIST.
Office removed to Virginia street, opposite the Lutheran church. Persons from Cambria county or elsewhere who get work done by me to the amount of Ten Dollars and upwards, will have the railroad fare deducted from their bills.
ALL WORK WARRANTED. [Jan. 31, 1869.-tf.

DR. D. W. ZIEGLER, Surgeon Dentist, will visit Ebensburg professionally on the SECOND MONDAY of each month, and remain one week, during which time he may be found at the Mountain House.
Teeth extracted without pain by the use of Nitrate Oxide, or Laughing Gas.

JAMES J. OATMAN, M. D., tenders his professional services as Physician and Surgeon to the citizens of Carrolltown and vicinity. Office in rear of building occupied by J. Buck & Co. as a store. Night calls can be made at his residence, one door south of A. Hang's Inn and hardware store. [May 9, 1867.

E. J. LLOYD, successor to R. S. BONS, Dealer in *Drugs, Medicines, Paints, &c.* Store on Main street, opposite the "Mansion House," Ebensburg, Pa.
October 17, 1867.-6m.*

D. M'LAUGHLIN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, *Johnstown, Pa.*—Office in the Exchange building, on the Corner of Clinton and Locust streets—up stairs. Will attend to all business connected with his profession.
Jan. 31, 1867.-tf.

JOHN P. LINTON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, *Johnstown, Pa.*—Office in building on corner of Main and Franklin street, opposite Mansion House, second floor. Entrance on Franklin street.
Johnstown, Jan. 31, 1867. tf.

R. L. JOHNSTON, J. S. SCANLAN.
JOHNSTON & SCANLAN,
Attorneys at Law,
Ebensburg, Cambria co., Pa.
Office opposite the Court House.
Ebensburg, Jan. 31, 1867.-tf.

A. KOPELIN, - - - - T. W. DICK,
Johnstown. Ebensburg.
KOPELIN & DICK, ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Ebensburg, Pa. Office with Wm. Kittell, Esq., Colonade Row. [oct 22.-tf.

F. A. SHOEMAKER,... GEO. W. OATMAN.
SHOEMAKER & OATMAN, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, Ebensburg, Pa. Offices on High street, immediately east of Huntley's hardware store. [ap.8,'69.

C. L. PERSHING, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, *Johnstown, Pa.* Office on Franklin street, up-stairs, over John Benton's Hardware Store. Jan. 31, 1867.

JOHN FENLON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, *Ebensburg Pa.*—Office on High street, adjoining his residence. Jan 31, 1867.-tf.

WM. H SECHLER, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Ebensburg, Pa. Office in rooms recently occupied by Geo. M. Reade, Esq., in Colonade Row, Centre street. [aug. 27.

GEO. M. READE, *Attorney-at-Law*, Ebensburg, Pa. Office in new building recently erected on Centre street, two doors from High street. [aug 27.

F. P. TIERNEY,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, *Ebensburg, Pa.*—Office in Colonade Row.
Jan. 5, 1867-tf.

JOSEPH M'DONALD,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, *Ebensburg, Pa.*—Office on Centre street, opposite Linton's Hotel. [Jan. 31, 1867-tf.

WILLIAM KITTELL,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, *Ebensburg, Pa.*—Office in Colonade Row, Centre street.
Jan. 31, 1867.-tf.

JAMES C. EASLY, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, *Carrolltown, Cambria Co., Pa.* Collections and all legal business promptly attended to. Jan 31, 1867.

H. KINKEAD, *Justice of the Peace and Claim Agent.*—Office removed to the office formerly occupied by M. Hasson, Esq., dec'd, on High St., Ebensburg. jl3.

REAL ESTATE
SAVINGS BAN
No. 60 Fourth Avenue,
Adjoining new Merchants and Manufacturers National Bank,
PITTSBURGH, PA
ESTABLISHED IN 1
ISAAC JONES, President.
WM. H. SMITH, Vice President.
S. S. CARRIER, Secretary and Treasurer.
B. C. PARKE, Accountant.
E. B. TODD, Solicitor.
TRUSTEES:
Hon. Thos. M'Kee, Pittsburgh.
Hon. J. K. Moorhead, "
Harvey Childs, "
Isaac Jones, "
Nicholas Voegtly, "
Statement of October 30, 1869.
ASSETS.
Bonds and Mortgages, being first lien on Real Estate
U. S. 5-20 Bonds, at par
U. S. 10 4-10 Bonds, at par
Real Estate
Office Furniture,
Cash
Total.
LIABILITIES.
Amount due Depositors
" " Interest,
Nov. 1, 1869.
Contingent Fund
Total.
INTEREST ALLOWED on Deposits SIX PER CENT PER ANNUM, payable in May and November, and if not drawn, will be added to the principal and draw interest.
Orders for Deposit from 9 A. M. until 4 P. M. daily; also on Saturday Evenings, from 7 to 9 o'clock.
Money loaned on Real Estate only. Ships for the use of persons who do not visit the city, and collected for. By laws furnished by mail.
S. S. CARRIER,
Secretary and Treasurer.
No. 61 Fourth Ave., Pittsburgh.
November 25, 1869.-3m.

THOMAS CARLIN'S
WHOLESALE DEALER IN
GROCERIES & QUEENSWARE,
WOOD AND WILLOW WARE,
STATIONERY AND NOTIONS,
FISH, SALT, SUGAR CURED HAMS,
BACON, FLOUR,
FEED AND PROVISIONS,
NO. 136 VIRGINIA STREET,
Between Julia and Caroline, - ALTOONA.
All such goods as Spices, Brooms, Wood and Willow Ware, Shoe Blacking, Matches will be sold from 10 to 20 per cent. lower than Philadelphia, Baltimore, Cincinnati or Pittsburgh current prices. To large buyers of peculiar attractions of saving freights and drayage, as they are not regarded in the charges are made. Dealers are assured that my goods are of the best, and my prices as moderate as city rates. I am a fair, upright business, and by strict attention satisfactorily filling all orders, I respectfully solicited and satisfactorily guaranteed in all cases. THOMAS CARLIN.
Altoona, July 29, 1869.-tf.

"Poor women are on every side, and cry for bread, because husbands and others lived and died unmarried."
AMERICAN
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
OF PHILADELPHIA
Organized 1850.
ALEX. WELLIOS, Pres't. JOHN S. WELLIOS, Sec'y.
All policies non forfeitable. All policies payable at death or 20 years of age.
Economy in management, Care in selection of risks, Fraternity in the payment of death claims, and Security in the investment of its immense funds, are rigidly adhered to. These have ALWAYS characterized this Company.
J. FRANK CONDON,
Special Agent.
Nov. 11, 1869.-1y.

ANDREW MOSES,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
SUPPES's BUILDING, CLINTON ST., JOHNSTOWN.
HAS just received his fall and winter stock of fine French, English and German CLOTHS, CASSIMERES and VESTINGS, and a full assortment of Gent's Furnishing Goods.
Mr. Moses has been for eight years with Wood, Morrell & Co.'s establishment, and desires to inform his friends and the public generally that he has commenced business at Supes's building, on Clinton street, with a full line of goods adapted to the fall and winter trade, and he is prepared to make up in the latest style and at moderate prices for cash. Hoping by strict attention to business to merit a share of public patronage, and maintain that success which has heretofore attended his efforts in turning out good fitting garments. Give him a call.
Johnstown, Sept. 2, 1868 tf.

FOREIGN SHIPPING AND EXCHANGE OFFICE.
WE ARE NOW SELLING EXCHANGE
AT NEW YORK RATES, ON
England, Ireland, Scotland,
Wales, Germany, Prussia,
Austria, Bavaria, Wurtemburg,
Baden, Hessen, Saxony,
Hanover, Belgium, Switzerland,
Holland, Norway and Sweden.
And Tickets to and from any Port in
England, Ireland, Scotland,
Germany, France, California,
New South Wales or Australia.
KERR & CO.
Altoona, Pa., Jan. 31, 1867.

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT REMOVED.—The subscriber would respectfully announce to his customers and the citizens of Ebensburg and vicinity generally that he has removed to the New Building on Centre street, opposite the Mountain House, and adjoining the law office of Geo. M. Reade, Esq., and is now not only prepared to manufacture all goods which may be brought to him, but has supplied with a fine line of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, &c., which he will make to order in the best style and at the lowest prices. Feeling confident of giving entire satisfaction, I hope for an increased patronage at my new location. D. J. EVANS.
Ebensburg, Jan. 14, 1869.-tf.